The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

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The Columbian.

J. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1885.

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SELECT STORY.

A GEORGIAN AT THE OPERA.

Of all the sightly places in this sublooney spear New York is the sightliest, and by the help of my friend Bob Tompkins I saw all there was to see. It will always be a livin', growin' consolation to me that thar wasn't a monkey nor none that acted like 'em (and plenty thar was which for antics and foolery you couldn't tell from the fool-blooded animal) that I didn't see by the help of Bob. What's that? You say you bet I didn't see the Opery? You bet I did.

What Opery did I see? I see the Opery of the Bohemian Gal. How did I like it? Well, I liked it pretty tolerble, not out and out; the fact is they spiled it by overdoin' the singin' part. You know yourself the way to spile a thing is to overdo it, and that's jest what they does in the Opery. They overdoes it. The fiddlin' and drummin' is fine. The actin' is beautiful, and the rooms is fixed up splendid; but the singin' is overdone. But I am makin' a transgression, as the preachers say.

You see, I went to New York on a sight-scein' expedition. I had made a fine cotton crop, and my wife said she would go and stay at her mother's with the baby, and I could go and see the world; so I went right to New York, and I saw it. Bob he stuck to me, and he put me right through. Well, I thought I must have seen everything that was to be seen, and I was tired, and could go home with a clar conscience, when Bob come to me and sez,

"La, Jack! I like to let you go home without seein' the best thing in New York."

"What's that?" sez I, surprised, not to say discouraged.

"Why, it's the Opery of the Bohemian Gal. I tell you she's beautiful, she is!" sez Bob.

"Now look here, Bob Tompkins," sez I, "I'm a married man, and I'm goin' back to my wife able to answer any question she may put without shirkin', and I ain't goin' to see no gal, however beautiful, be she Bohemian or be she Dutch."

Well, Bob at that commenced rollin' round and laughin' and screechin' like he had a fit of some kind. I see I had made a mistake, and I was slightly afraid I had looked green, which, on account of the State of Georgy, which I was a representin', I didn't like to do, so I thought round in a rapid way and remembered that I had heard of a opery cap, and I supposed my error was jest thar, so I said in a strategem way, tryin' to laugh like Bob did, and so make him think I had intended a joke all the time:

"Well' Bob, I'm glad to see you can take a joke; 'tain't every man can; but, jokin' aside, who is this here Bohemian gal, and what colored Opery has she got?"

At that Bob lost his breath laughin', and the tears fairly rolled down his cheeks. Then I got mad, which any man would have done under like circumstances. Sez I:

"Bob Tompkins, if you don't stop skirmishin' round thar like a monkey, and tell me what under heaven you're makin' a fool of yourself about, I'll up and knock you inter the middle of next week."

Well, Bob drawed up when he found my feelins was hurt, and said, while he was a wipin' his eyes:

Oh, Jack! you blade of grass, you! Barnum ought to have you for a circus; you'd dror sure. A Opery is a play-actin' thing set to music, and the Bohemian Gal is the name of the Opery, jest like 'Oh, Susanna,' and 'My Mary Ann.'"

"Well, why couldn't you say so at first," sez I, "without makin a fool of yourself?"

Bob he apologized, and we shook hands and made up, and I asked him to go to the Opery with me and I would stand treat; but he said he had an engagement, and I must excuse him. Then I asked him whar I was to go. He said to the Academy of Music. Sez I: "Ef this here show is a school show, I will not go; I have had enough, in my life, of children exhibitin', and as I haven't got no New York stock in that line, neither duty nor pleasure will draw me."

Bob like to bust out larfin agin, but choked it back with such power that he risked a apoplexy.

"Oh, Jack, sez he, it ain't no school; they is Italien men and women, and you won't understand what they sez, unless you read a library before you go."

"Thar it is agin," sez I: "read a library! Why don't you tell me to build a house in five minutes? How big is your library! I ain't so much at readin', anyhow."

Bob choked agin, but didn't say a word; jest went to a book stall and bought a pamphlet, which it looked like a tract, about as big as "Allen's Alarm to the Unconverted, and he told me to take it home and read it, and that was the story they was goin' to sing at the Opery. And it's well I did read the American side of it, for of all the foolish gibberish that Italien takes the lead.

After I had eat my supper I went off to the Academy of Music, and thar was the ticket man settin' up in his stove box, and he sez, "You want a ticket, sir?"

Sez I, "That's about what I come for." I was very dignified, 'cause I had Georgy on my shoulders, and determined to be a honor to my State, and above all things not to look green. I spose the ticket man thought I was pretty stuck up, for he sez, as imperdent as you please,

"Will you have a cheer or a box?"

Ef I could have got at him I would have knocked him down then and thar; but not bein' able, I used my sarcastic vain on him and said, "I'd have you for to know, sir, I am a gentleman from the State of Georgy, and we sets on cheers down thar, and leaves the boxes to the people from New York."

To all appearance sarcasm run off of that man like water off a duck's back. He only grinned and showed off to advantage a full sett of store teeth, which must have cost a sight of money. He throwed me a ticket, and told me to go in a door he pinted out. But law me! them people haven't any manners. A man at the door took my ticket from me without sayin' "by your leave," and tore it in two and gave me back half, and before I could take it out on him for his rudeness a boy seized that and dragged me off by the arm down a passage between the seats, which was all folded neatly up like they had just come in from the wash. He unfolded one of these, pushed me in, and throwed my little piece of ticket after me, and was gone before you could say "Jack Robinson."

It seemed a pretty hard case that—with people insultin' him right and left a Georgy man couldn't get a chance to knock one of 'em down. But so it was, and I tried to kind a devirt my thoughts from my aggrawations by lookin' round. It certainly was a sightly place, and what with the big chandeleer up in the ceilin', and the little chandeleers all around, it sorter looked like a sunshiny day; and then the lights glitterin' on the diamonds and pearls and chalcedonies and jacinths that was hangin' round the women would a put the foundations of the celestial city out o' countenance. The men was mostly bald headed and wared swallow tail coats, and men and women was armed with double barrel spy glasses, which they gave them a comical appearance. Some of these said spy glasses was so large in proportion to the men that they looked like steam engines with a double light. One little bald headed gentleman sitting next to me had the biggest pair in the house. He actually looked as if he was hitched onto them instead of them being hitched on to him; and again, as I turned my eyes on his white bald head with the machinery in front he might have been mistaken for a bomb shell, and the idea come into my head that a slight tap would explode him, but being a stranger in a strange land I had better keep quiet or I might get arrested for dynamiter. Up in the top of the room was hanging a tremenjuous curting, with fine pictures on it, and just on the floor close to it was a row of candles, which seem to be set down in a trough, sorter, with the wicks above the floor. In front of the candles was what looked like a music school, the schoolmaster setting up on a high three-legged stool with a big stick in his hand, though it did look to me as if them boys was too old to be whipped. There was every kind of musical instrument you ever heard of. There was drums as big as hogshead, drums as big as flour barrels, and drums as big as pails. Then there was big fiddles, middle sized, and little fiddles, and long horns twisted up like the brazen serpant, and all sizes from that down to a baby whistle; and there was every size and sourt of tambourines, besides plenty of instruments I never see or hear of before. It altogether reminded me of that consort of Nebuchadnazzars we read of in the Holy Bible, and I have no doubt they had the sackbut, psaltary, dulcimer and so forth, among the machinery I didn't know the names of.

Well, while I was a workin' out these here thoughts the old music teacher give his stick a wnft, as much as to say, "Now, my fine fellows, do your best, or you will get a taste of this." And I tell you they went at it neck and heel, each one of 'em tryin' to beat the other. I never heard such a din. It was like happenin' in at a menagerie at feedin' time, and all the lions, tigers, hyenas and Jackasses was bellowing at one and the same time; and the old music teacher he swung that stick a threatening them old boys, until it seemed like he got so wore out he could just manage to move it soft like; and believe me as soon as them boys see he was sorter disabled they took a rest too, and the noise got lesser and lesser, until you could hear only the little baby whistle, and it sounded real sweet. Ef it had just lasted a minute longer I think I might have caught that chune, if there was one; but the old man got up his wind too soon, and away they all went again like a pack of hounds in full cry. At last human natur' could stand no more, and they blowed and beat therselves cleon out, the school-master dropped his stick, and the boys fell back breathless, and before they could get up more steam the curting went up and the Opery began.

You want to hear the story, does you? Well, it was pretty, but ef I hadn't read that Library I never would have knowed what they was after.

You see there was a widower Count with a name sounded like it was Arnold or something, and he had a pretty little gal which her name was Arleener, and she and her nurse was in the room with him when the curting goes up, and the Count begins to sing how sorry he is his wife is dead, and how he loves his baby. Jest think of that, *singin'* all that, and liftin' up that little gal and kissin' her to music! Who ever heard tell of sich noosense? Do you suppose if my wife was dead I would go and sing to a thousand or so people to tell 'em how sorry I was, and how I loved my baby? No; it's agin nater from beginnin' to end. Well, as soon as he got through he went away, and the nurse takes the little gal up in the mountains to pick flowers. They had hardly got out before here came a big fat Polisher named Thaddeus. He was a wailer too. The Count wailed in a voice most fine enough for a woman, but Thaddeus was a base wailer; it sounded like thunder; and he sung first in the lower part of his chist, and I thought it was morally impossible for him to go any lower, when he jumped right down to the lower part of his stomach, and before you had time to wonder how he could do it, there was his voice way down in the soles of his boots. It certainly was a feenominer how he could do it. Well, his wail was all about his country, how he had been banished, and if he went back he would have his head cut off, and all that. It would a been real distressin' ef it had only been natural for him to cry and groan and grunt to music. Jest as he had finished his story, here came in a party of Gypseys, running in that sudden from all the openin's of the stage that it took away my breath. They rushed right up to Thaddeus and was goin to kill him then and thar to the sound of music, when ther captain, which had the name of Devilshoof (a bad name that for a honest man) he see Thaddeus was a soldier and stopped the killin'. Thaddeus sung 'em a history of his troubles, and then they all broke out like a house afire screech in' at him, "A Gypsey's life is the life to lead," and they rung the changes on that noble sentiment 'till Thaddeus lost his head entirely, and said he would jine to 'em; and then and thar they undressed him, and put on his Gypsey clothes. I felt right shamed while this was goin' on, and I looked at the ladies, but ther faces was all hid by ther spy glasses, the which I could swar was pinted jest at the place whar Thaddeus was dressin' himself. Praps it's the music makes the difference, but I'm glad my wife was in Georgy, music or no music.

In another minute thar was another lung tearin', ear bustin' blowouts. Men, women, and children rushed in singin' at the top of their voices that the Count's little gal and her nurse had been eat up by a wild animal in the mountain. Then here came the Count singin' how sorry he was. I was fairly out of patience with this unnaturalness, instead of runnin' out to save his child, to walk up and down before all them people singin'. I ain't no sort of patience with dead beats. Thaddeus had more sense; he picked up a gun which was lying handy, and away he went. Them mountains and wild beasts must have been right at the door, for Thaddeus was hardly gone before he was back again with the baby in his arms, he havin' been to the mountains, killed the wild beast, and saved the baby and nurse in not more than three minutes. He was a sight quicker than the patent exterminator. Well, then there was another ear bustin', lung tearin' blowouts. The Count embraced and kissed the baby to music, and sent her off to the house to have a little scratch on her arm tied up, which was all the hurt she had, which shows you can't believe anything you hears. The report was that baby and nurse was eat up; the nurse wasn't hurt, and the baby had a flea bite. I doubt myself if there was any wild beast in the matter; al to get up a sensation. But the Count believed it; you could see that by the way he acted. He shook Thaddeus' hand and sung he was so much obliged to him. Thaddeus sung it didn't make no difference in the world. The Count sung couldn't he do something for him? Thaddeus sung no he thanked him. The Count sung wouldn't he take a glass of wine? Thaddeus sung he didn't keer if he did.

Then as bad luck would have it, the Count purposed the health of the Emperor, which was the same which had banished Thaddeus, and Thaddeus dashed his glass down and broke it all to pieces, which made the Count so mad he forgot all about what Thaddeus had done, and had him arrested then and thar, and Devilshoof too; but Devilshoof was too smart for 'em; he got hold of the baby, and everybody took after him; but he ran across a bridge, and took a little knife out of his pocket and jest cut it down after him, and the curting come down, while the people fairly yelled and clapped their hands and tried to outdo the Opery in noise.

Then the little man next to me, which was bald headed and had the prize spy glasses, took 'em down and wiped 'em, and said, settlin' himself, "it will be twelve years before the next scene."

I was perfectly dumbfoundered at his sayin' such a thing, and I sez, sez I: "Is that a joke sir? for I can't stay here no twelve years. I am from Georgy, and my wife and child are there, and I'm got my livin' to make."

Well, he swelled up like he would bust, and the lady next him laughed right out loud. He was very polite though, and told me they was goin' to pertend it was twelve years, and Arleener would be growed up; and sure enough when it went up thar she was—leastways they wanted me to believe it was the same which was asleep on a fur skin; and thar was Thaddeus watchin' over her, and then she woke up, and then they began to sing love at each other. And it was real pretty too; more chune about it than anything I heard from 'em, only Thaddeus was too old and fat for her. When she first woke up she sang to him a dream she had dreamed, all about how she lived in a fine house built of marble, and had plenty of niggars to wait on her, and fine clothes and jewelry and everything she wanted, but how she didn't keer about any of it cause he was there and loved her, and she truly did look pretty and sang beautiful. It made me think of the time my wife and me were courtin', only we didn't sing—maybe because we couldn't. And then he kissed and hugged her, which if ther had not been so many people round would have been very natural. Then he sunk how when she was a baby he had saved her life, and he showed her the scar on her arm.

But they don't rest easy long in operies. This was too pretty and soft to last. The Gypsey Queen was in love with Thaddeus, and when she found he was sparkin' Aleenner, she laid a plan aginst 'em. She made out how Arleenner had stole a locket belongin' to the Count, and she was arrested and taken before him, and it was proved aginst her, and they was just about to put her in jail, when the Count saw the scar or her arm, and knowed it was his lost child; and then come another bustin' fuss. The Count sung he was so glad, and Arleenner sung so was she. And he sung he was goin' to marry her to the King's son, and she put her pretty arms around Thaddeus, and sung she wouldn't marry anybody but him, and the Count sung she couldn't marry a Gypsey, and Thaddeus up and drawed out a paper and said that proved he wasn't no Gypsey, but a big man in his own country; and so the Count gave his consent; and you thought all was goin' straight at last, when in come that Gypsey Queen with a Gypsey she had hired to kill Arleener, and, as good luck would have it, he missed his aim and killed the Queen. And I felt like jumping up and cracking my heels together I was so glad, she was such an awful shrieker and hateful besides. And then that was all.

I think if I live thirty years I will never get all that music out of my head. I've got as good an ear for music as anybody, but it would take twenty years to hold all that. If they would only talk some and sing some. "What is more beautiful than music?" some folks asks, and it seems a question which poses the world; but I'll tell you nachure is, and it is agin nachure to sing everything. Now take sich a every day sentiment as this, "Will you come to supper, your Excellency?" How much better to say the thing right off than for half a dozen people to make a jewett of it, and squall the changes on it, and roll and pitch it round like it was a ball they was playin' with, and all the appertite his Excellency had is sung out of him! I say it's riddickerlous nonsense. It's like what they calls the 'toning in church whar they sings and whines the prayers to God Almighty. Its all agin nachure. Love songs is beautiful, and serenades will tetch the hardest hearts, but I say mix in the singin' with a little common-sense talkin' and it would be a improvement all round.

Why, any body happenin' into one of them operys, without bein' prepared by readin' a library, would think they had got into a lunatic asylum—to see four or five men and women screechin' at each other, ther hands flyin' out from ther chists (which let me say is a invariable movement), stretchin' of their necks until it is agonizin' to see the bones and sinnews stand out, and their mouths so wide open that you expect every minute to hear ther jaw bones crack. And then the chorus!—that is the worst of all; fifty or a hundred men and women dressed in the most outlandish way, each tryin' to outyell the other; and add to all this the determination of the musitioners in the grand finally not to be outdone by the singers. They all get so wound up the fact is they can't stop themselves. The man with the big fiddle fairly turns a sumersault over it a tryin' to get first, and the little fiddlers saws away until it is enough to wake up the ghosts of the cats which was made into fiddle strings; and the big drummers and middle sized and little drummers is bent upon nothin' else but beatin' a hole in their instruments; and the horn blowers big and little looks dangerously appoplektic; and the tamboreeners and bell ringers comes nobly to the front, till the tempest of sound goes roarin' and surgin' thro' the house, gittin louder and louder and stronger and stronger and higher and higher, 'till they can get neither up or down; and it ends by their slammin' and smashin' everything to pieces, and all comes down together with a Blim! blam! blum!! b-r-r-r-rum!!! and you look up thinkin of course the roof is gone and the moon and stars shinin' overhead.

Maybe if I had studied it when I was a new born infant, and kept at it stiddy till now, I might like the Grand Opery. As it is it is too much for me.

Crescent City Cemeteries.

New Orleans' cemetery system is one prolific source of disease, even at its best, writes an *Inter-Ocean* correspondent. As is well known, there are many burial socities in the city, which have vaults peculiarly fitted up for the recebtion of bodies. The swampy nature of the ground makes it impracticable to inter below the surface, and so in the case of the poorer classes a large number of immense depositers are needed. Some of these have accommodations for as high as 100 corpses, to my personal knowledge. When a vault becomes quite full of bodies, and the society lacks for purchasing ground and building again, it is customary to remove the coffins, and hold a grand, open-air cremation. The evils of this operation are apparent, inasmuch as no furnaces are provided for carrying off the deadly fumes that must necessarily be generated.

But in time of epedemics the question of burial is one of difficulty, and the consequences from crowded interments are most appaling. More than once large vaults have burst asunder by the action of gases arising from a large number of freshly entombed bodies. Of course the wealthy endeavor to have their own private family tombs, or belong to influential burial socities that maintain specially imposing vaults. The colored people have cheaper burial societies by themselves, and the various secret societies have their own cemeteries. This classification system brings about a multiplicity of cemeteries, as for instance, the Free Masons' cemetery, the Odd Fellows' cemetery, the Firemens' cemetery, the Jewish cemeteries, known as Gates of Prayer, etc. The payment of a fee, varying from twenty five cents a month to several dollars, entitles the member to free burial at the hands of the society to which he belongs.

These burial socitiss, paradoxical as it may sound, are also instrumental in promoting social intercourse among the members. The colored people give a big yearly entertainment in connection with one of their leading societies, in which the most elaborate festivities are held, and full dress prevails.

Many rather mysterious boiler explosions having been attributed to the sudden and explosively violent flashing into steam of superheated water, the French Academy of Sciences appointed a committee, a year or more ago, to investigate the subject. That committee has since made many careful experiments, using pure and impure water, water which had been long stagnant, and water from which the air had been driven by long boiling, and generating steam by rapid and by slow firing. As a result the conclusion has been reached that if any boiler explosion has occured through superheating it must have been through the concurrence of exceptional circumstances, which are neither defined, known nor expected. The experiments have shown conclusively that, sometimes appear, the real cause must be looked for in the simple loading of the boilers with steam pressures beyond their strength.

The new bonnets are high in front and pinched in as closely at the side as the formation of the head will allow. Gold appears upon nearly every one in some shape or other, but chiefly in that of tinsel crowns on gold wires. Bright poppy color is in great favor for trimmings as well as for whole bonnets and hats. A sweet little bonnet of poppy-red crepe, arranged with narrow tucks all over the crown, is dotted with small straw bobs. A thick ruching of the red crepe surrounds the edge, and a bunch of elderberries, set in their own leaves, forms the high trimming.

A very active red insect has appeared in some of the vineyards of Yolo county, Cal., in immense numbers, covering the ground in places. A vine attacked by this new pest droops in an hour.

Superstitious Negroes Spoil an Operation and the Patient Dies.

STRANGE HOSTILITY OF WASHINGTON COLORED PEOPLE TO THE USE OF THE KNIFE BY A DOCTOR—FOUR PHYSICIANS MOBBED IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

A remarkable case of local superstition was developed in the police court at Washington last week. A large number of colored people in the District believe in what they call "slab" or night doctors. They have a theory that the doctors' sole object in life is to secure as many bodies as possible for use upon the dissecting table. This class of superstitious colored people fear a surgeon as they would death. The news of a surgical operation being performed upon any member of their race is sure to create a panic. They are very timid about going out at night as they expect that some "doctor man" will run out of a dark alley and cover their mouths with plaster. When the long ulsters were first introduced into Washington their wearers were supposed by the negroes to be "slab" doctors in search of the bodies of children, and they wore those long coats for the purpose of hiding their prey.

Few people have believed in the stories of this superstition, but the mobbing of a number of prominent surgeons because they were engaged in performing an opperation will convince even the most incredulous of the strength of this superstition against surgeons among the colored people there. The name of the patient was William Harris. He is a colored man about twenty-one years old. He lived in O Neils alley, between second and third, F and G streets, South Washington. This is the centre of the most densly populated colored quarter. Harris lived in a small two-story frame house. For sometime he had suffered from a bowel complaint caused by the reception of the upper part of the smaller intestine into the lower. Dr. R. Tholden had attended Harris. He found that he could relieve his patient by performing a surgical operation, which was a very delicate one, but he had no doubts of his success. He received the consent of the patient and his family to perform this operation. He called in four assistants—Drs Crook, Leach, Hazon, Harvey, well-known Washington physicians. The surgeons met in Harris's house. The unusual number of doctors attracted a good deal of attention. Word was passed from alley to alley and the negroes came swarming from every direction. There are six entrances to the alley. In a few moments after the surgeons had begun their work the alley was packed. Inside the house the doctors were intent upon their work. The thermometer marked 100 degrees. In the midst of their operations they heard excited cries outside the doors. Shouts went up that they were cutting, poor Harris.

"The night doctors are slicing his meat off of him," cried some one in the crowd.

The doctors paid no attention; they still continued to go on with the operation, but when they were at the most critical point the mob burst in the door and came yelling into the room. The doctors were driven back with chairs and clubs from the bed of the sick man, while the blood flowed freely from the wounds which the doctors were unable to close up. The physicians were driven out and hustled to the end of the alley, while threats of the wildest character were made. If it had been night they might all have been butchered, so excited were the people. When they returned with police to come to the rescue of the sick man they found him beyond assistance. He died that night. The physicians say that there is no doubt but that he would have gotten well if he had not been interfered with in his work. The physicians would not give a certificate of death until they made a post-mortem examination. It required a strong guard of the police to enable them to make this post-mortem. Even then the doctors were jeered at and insulted as they came to and from the house.

Closing Doors.

Any one recovering from a severe fit of illness, with overstrained or shattered nerves, that respond instantly to any sudden noise, will appreciate the following from an exchange:

"Doors are what we have to deal with all our lives, and yet nineteen people out of twenty make a noise closing every door they go through. Physicians have not yet learned that they disturb the patient they are trying to quiet by closing the door noisly when they enter or leave the house or room. It is perfectly easy to close a door quietly, yet few people make it a practice to do so until some one in the house is ill, and even then it is often forgotten. The patient that for days and nights has been ill and has had no rest is finally relieved from pain, and is quietly sleeping. If there is nothing to disturb him, some hours of reshing sleep may be expected, giving the rest and strength so much needed; but some one, forgetful of the needed carefulness, closes the door with a slam, and the patient starts with every nerve quivering, not only losing the much-needed sleep, but having to suffer from a sudden awakening, so hard for a weak person to bear. If people would and teach care in closing doors, until it became their habit to do so, no one need suffer this one of the unecessary noises."

The plan of electrically transmitting power has been in parctical operation for more than eight months at Bienne, Switzerland. A turbine and a dynamo convert the power of a mountain torrent into electricity, which passes over wires some 500 feet to a receiving dynamo furnishing two shops with their required six to eighteen horse power.

"Describe her, if you please," said the lawyer. "Well, she is dark complexioned, and wears a thingummy kind of dress, cut bias, and as to her age, why she's two or three years younger than you'd take her to be."

The extreme depth of misery is a small boy with a new pair of boots and no mud puddle.

"Will the coming man work?" is the current conundrum. If he gets himself attached to a large family he will.

A Question of Identity.

TWO YOUNG MEN GO TO LAW TO DISCOVER WHICH IS WHICH.

The papers in a very strange case are being prepared by a well known law firm in this city. The case is in action in ejectment, in which the plaintiff is Joseph B. Metz and the defendant a young man by the name of Hylebrone, alias Metz. The dispute between the parties is in reference to a large farm located in the northeastern part of this State. The defendant in the action has been living on the farm for the past five years, and is known among the neighbors as Joseph Metz. The story is a long one, and adds another illustration in support of the declaration that truth is stranger than fiction. The story of the plaintiff to his lawyer is as follows:

About nine years ago Joseph Metz, a Teuton, residing in the southeastern part of Germany, decided to emigrate to America. In the summer of 1875 he, with his good wife Catharine and his five sturdy boys, started for the United States. From the sale of his real estate he realized about $30,000 and with this sum he was able to buy a well-tilled farm with a comfortable dwelling in the eastern part of the State, and still have a neat amount of cash besides. He lived on the farm for five years, but finally the desire to die in his native land took such a hold on him that in 1880 he and his wife made a deed of the farm to the supposed eldest son, the present occupant, and returned to Germany. His wife and the four younger children accompanied him. With the remaining cash in his possession he bought a farm in the vicinity of his old home, which at his death, which occurred about a week ago, he bequeated to the younger member of his family. The strangest part of this narrative transpired after his return to Germany. It appe

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. B. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JUNE, 12, 1885.

There is another crank in New York who wants to gain notoriety by jumping from the Brooklyn bridge. The police are on his track, and will prevent it, if possible.

The Philadelphia *Press* rejoices that the legislature will adjourn in a few days more. The *Press* helped to make the present legislature with its large republican majority. No wonder it is ashamed of its own work!

A large fortune was made by a New York bank cashier a few days ago. He simply took $160,000 of the bank's money from the vault, and went to Canada. There will soon be a sufficient number of defaulting bank officials in the Dominion to organize a colony.

House bill fixing the salaries of state officials has been passed finally.

The main feature of it are the items fixing the salaries of the Attorney General at $7,000 and that of the Secretary of the Commonwealth at $4,000, neither of these officials to receive any fees, all of which are to be paid into the State Treasury under the Constitutional act applying to the present officials. The office of Attorney General has been worth to to its occupant $11,500 annually for many years, he being allowed a 5 per cent. commission on claims collected through the courts not exceeding $7000 in any year. The office of Secretary of the Commonwealth has been equally lucrative.

The Same Old Trick.

When Congress comes together, we may see the Republicans sitting up nights to devise ways and means for the discomfiture of Cleveland and the Democrats and the glorification of the grand old party. Heedful note will be given to every act of the President, and the lucky Senator or Representative who can detect him in the most mistakes or make the windiest diatribe against the Democracy, will be envied by his Republican fellows, lauded by faithful organs, and go up a step higher in the estimation of his supporters. If the President happens not to have made and not to make many mistakes, he and his party will have to be buffeted just the same. The cerements will be shredded from long-dead issues, old outrages will be inveighed against, old massacres reenacted, and the poor, hard working, well-meaning South snubbed and chidden and told again and again that she used to be no better than she should be.

It is true that there is no great curiosity or desire in the North to see the South shaken up again by the ebullient patriots of the Republican party; but unless something else turns up, the old trick will have to be dealt again. Whenever a Republican statesman is in doubt, he abuses the South; and the Republicans are very much in doubt at present, and a solution of their doubt seems as yet far away. The hiss of steam escaping while Republican denunciation is directed at the South is already heard in the land, and next winter, we suppose, all the stopcocks of wrath will be turned open.

One easily gets a little tired of this sort of thing, and yet to the student of American humor the intermittent moral ague, which Republican leaders allow themselves to catch from contemplation of the wickedness of the Democrats in the South, remains a very hilarous phenomenon.—*New York Sun.*

Our National Debt.

THE DEBTS OF OTHER NATIONS—PER CAPITA INDEBTNESS—A MYSTERY.

[Cor. Cincinatti Times-Star]

The decrease of the public debt in the fiscal year that is to end in eight weeks will be over $60,000,000. This will not be so great as in some former years, but it is faster than we generally suppose. Five million of dollars a month is $166,000 a day, or $100 a minute. That is a pretty rapid rate at which to be extinguishing the public debt, in spite of the poepfe who are crying all the time that our debt is growing less in an imperceptible way.

People who are in the habit of groaning about our debt being something too great to bear will do well to inquire about the debts of other nations. Take Italy, for instance. Her debt is over $2,000,000,000 or about three times as much per head as our own. Russia, who is apparently eager for war has a debt of $2,500,000,000.

Great Britain, whose population is but 35,000,000 against our 55,000,000, has a debt of about four times as much per head as we have, and yet Great Britain is supposed to be exceptionally well off. France, brilliant and elastic France, whose recovery from a terrible war, a few years ago has been the wonder of the world, is carrying a debt of $4,750,000,000, or five times as much per head as our country is carrying. Our debt is out $25 per head all around, that of Russia almost $40 per head, that of Italy neary $75 per head, that of Great Britian $100 apiece, and that of France about $130 per citizen.

The interest charged on a debt of this sort is something enormous, more than the people can stand under for any great length of time.

Of our debt only a little over a billion bears interest, or to be exact $1,196,150,350. Of this only as much as as $260,000,000 bears as much as 4 per cent interest. It is interesting to see how much money remains in the treasury unclaimed, after the interest has ceased to accrue. On some of this the interest ceased half a century ago, while on large sums interest has not accumulated for twenty years, and yet the principle has never been asked for.

What do you suppose is the explanation of the delay in presenting these bonds for payment, that have been due so long?" your correspondent asked of an official, running over the curious list, which, by the way, foots up several millions of dollars.

"That's a mystery," he answered, with a smile. "I suppose some of it has been lost or stolen, some of it burned up, some of it stuck away in forgotten places, perhaps some is held by people who do not know that interest has ceased on it, or who do not know that they the bonds at all. There sometimes have come to us some of these that have come to the light by some curious turn in the wheel of fortune. Of course, a very considera ble portion of them will never turn up or be presented for payment.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, June 8, 1885.

The tug of war still comes on and goes on between the administration and the office seekers. The tugging is to a great extent among the office seekers, that is they tug against each other; but the president has to bear the brunt and suffer the wear and tear. He is, no doubt, becoming very weary of the delegations that pursue him relative to comparatively unimportant offices. Perhaps no minor office has made greater demands upon his time and patience than the Charleston, South Carolina collectorship. The rival delegations have been persistent in their claims upon his attention. He told them last week that they must agree to settle this matter between themselves, and that if they did not do so soon, he would be compelled to settle it in a way that would not suit any of the contending factions.

The work of turning out the idle, the incompetent, and the otherwise offensive partisans goes on slowly but surely. The term "offensive partisan" is in the mouth of every one here, and it is in danger of being not only abused but misunderstood. It should be known that these discharged employes were not cast out merely because they were zealous republicans, but because their zeal in politics wholly interfered with their duties as government employes. They are those who have been drawing pay from the public treasury but performing no public service, because their time has been entirely taken up with partisan work. While they were doubtless very important factors in the republican organization, collecting campaign money, falsifying statistics, "skilled in the art of making the worse appear the better part" upon the stump, and through the press, they were the vampires of our politicial system, sucking its blood, and lulling it with lies. Many of them have been discharged and many more will be discharged. No matter who their "influence" and backing may be, the time has come for them to go into scandalous retirement, and they will go.

It is not alone in the discharge of idle and worthless partisans that this administration is making itself memorable. There are other and perhaps more important reforms going on. These reforms are not palpable and visible to the unskilled eye of the public at large, but their cumulated weight will be seen in the reports of Cabinet Officers when congress assembles next fall, in the message of the President; and especially in the greatly reduced appropriations that will be asked for the public service for the next fiscal year.

It is well known that frauds upon the reveune have long been practiced by impostors in connivance with custom-house officials. So great had this evil become a few years ago that it was found necessary for congress to appropriate $100,000 to aid in the detection and exposure of these frauds. But even this fund, designed as it was for the prevention of evasions and irregularities, was soon perverted to as fraudulent uses as those which it was appropriated to correct; and it is a matter of notorious history that the greater part of this hundred thousand dollars a year went into the hands of a disreputable gang of politicisl bummers in New York, Philadelphia, and other cities as a reward for their partisan services. Here was one attempted reform, but the misfortune of it was, like that of most Republican reforms, that it was a backward rather than a forward step.

Such is one of many greater rascalities in the customs service which Secretary Manning, as a practical business man, set to work to eliminate upon his taking charge of the Treasury Department; and how he has succeeded is best told in the language of a prominent republican of this city to a correspondent of the New York Herald;

"I have occasion by the nature of my work, to know what is being done in the Treasury and by the administration in the way of reforming long standing and very grave abuses; and I say to you that, in the important matters which I am necessarily familiar with, this Democratic administration has done more in three months than has been done in fifteen years before."

Fulton's Steamboat.

THE RECOLLECTION OF THE ONLY REMAINING PASSENGER OF THE TRIAL TRIP.

A correspondent writing from Exeter N. H., gives the following interview with Dr. William Perry, the only survivor of the fifty passengers who seventy-eight years ago, went down the Hudson river with Robert Fulton on the trial trip of the first steamboat.

The doctor, sitting in his pleasant chamber overlooking the centre of the beautiful little village, spoke of his famous trip with Robert Fulton. "The name of the boat has been so often misquoted," he said, "that even many careful recorders have mentioned it as the Clermont. That was not her full name. I remember it distinctly. It was Katherine of Clermont, given in honor of Fulton's wife, Katherine Livingston, of Clermont, Columbia county, New York. Fulton, you know, had gone abroad to study his profession as a painter, but having his attention turned to mechanics he brought back to New York an engine, and over that constructed the hull of his vessel. He lacked the necessary money to complete his experiment and his wife's father, Livingston, then American Minister to England, came to his aid with financial help."

"How did you happen to be a passenger, doctor?"

"I was attending Union College at Schenectady, N. Y., but was not satisfied with the institution and so determined to enter Harvard. On my way home I arrived at Albany, and there, to my discomfort learned that I must endure a long delay, for none of the river boats then in use were to start for several days. I went to the tavern and engaged a room. But early the next morning a man hurried into the bar room of the inn and announced: 'The steamboat arrived last night and is going to start down the river at nine o'clock.' I decided at once that I would be a passenger on the strange craft, whatever it might be. There was a lady of Connecticut under my charge on her way to New York city, and when I told her that we could take the new steamboat she expressed her willingness to travel that way. But it took her so long to get ready that when we reached the wharf the boat was steaming off. However, they were more accommodating on that trip than they would be now. The officers heard us call and, stopping the vessel, sent back a small boat to take us on board. Then we were off on our voyage.

"At first it was smooth sailing, or rather steaming, but in the afternoon—this, you know, was August 10, 1807—she ran aground and we had to wait for high tide before we could float off. After that the boat got into more serious trouble, but I did not happen to be on board at the time. When we arrived at Kingston I thought I would stop over a day and visit my brother there, and so went ashore. The Katherine of Clermont continued her course, but had gone only a few miles further when her boiler burst and she had to be laid up for repairs for several days. Soon after that she began to make regular trips between New York and Albany."

"Do you remember how the boat looked, doctor?"

"As distinctly as though it all happened yesterday. She was a rude built craft, about 125 feet long and nearly 20 feet wide, with side paddle wheels and a sheet-iron boiler. She could make about six miles an hour. You recollect what trouble there was afterwards about the rights of the boat do you not?"

"I can't say I do. Unfortunately my recollection does not reach so far back.

"Beg pardon; I forgot it was so long ago. Well, the owners of the sailing vessels, who previous to this had had the monopoly of the river transportation, claimed that the right to navigate the Hudson belonged to them and they secured an injunction restraining Fulton from using his steamboat. But they couldn't hold their case, for Daniel Webster appeared in behalf of the steamer, made his first great plea and won the case. That gave Mr. Webster a wide reputation. Afterwards Fulton had many lawsuits, for his patent, covering as it did only certain points relating to the attachment of the paddle-wheels to the axle of the crank, left a great opening for infringement. All his life he was fighting for his claims in that respect, although he and Livingston had the monopoly of steam traffic on the waters of the State through a grant of the Legislature. Fulton constructed not only the first practicable steamboat for passengers and freight, but also, in 1814, the first war steamer of the world, the United States steamer Fulton the First. She suffered worse than the Katherine of Clermont, for she was blown to pieces by accident. Great Britain received her first practicable steamboat in 1812, five years after the trial trip of Fulton's boat, but it was not until 1819 that the efficacy of the puffing craft for transportation between the two countries was made manifest. Then the little Savannah steamed across the ocean, making the trip in twenty-six days. A few months ago, according to the record of the papers, the Oregon made the distance in a little over six days."

Fastest Train in the World.

THE PENNSYLVANIA EXPRESS—NO DUST—NO CINDERS—LITTLE NOISE.

Some over-confident Englishman boasted a few weeks ago that "The Flying Dutchman" train, from London to Liverpool, was the fastest in the world. But they soon found out that they were mistaken. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company sends a train out of New York at 9 o'clock every morning that beats the time of the Flying Dutchman." Considering the distance covered, it is the fastest train in the world. When the care-worn business man journeys from New York to Philadelphia, Chicago, or St. Louis, he finds in the parlor cars of the Pennsylvania Railroad a luxurious home on wheels. As he is being whirled along at the rate of sixty miles an hour or better not a jolt disturbs his serenity. The rails rest on a bed ballasted with solid rock, and the joints are made with a kind of chair and fish plate, of the company's own make, that cause the miles of track to be as unbroken as one long jointless rail. There is no dust, little noise, and not a cinder. A few weeks ago there were put on a number of new parlor cars finished at the company's shops at Altoona. Instead of the ordinary flat window, they are fitted with five bay windows on each side, each about seven feet wide. The passenger can look up or down the road for miles without leaving his seat, and the new windows admit twice as much light as the old ones did. The cars are somewhat larger than the old styles, and are divided into a main saloon, ladies' boudoir, smoking room and retiring room.

Recently the entire running time between the Atlantic seaboard and the great western cities has been reduced. On the 9 o'clock morning train the time to Chicago is twenty-four hours; Cincinnati, twenty-one hours; and to St. Louis, twenty-nine hours, with a corresponding reduction to other points. This speed is maintained without the slightest danger to the traveler.

During the war of rates which began last winter, the Pennsylvania Company alone maintained its rates. Beginning May 25th, though, it fixed the fare to Chicago at $15; to St. Louis at $19; and to Cincinnati at $14, with corresponding reductions to other points.—*New York World*

The House or the Man?

Divorces have been granted in our courts for many queer reasons, but one case decided last week by a Western judge throws new light on the matter of matrimony in American society. A young lady was engaged for three years to a man in every way suitable to her, who was industrious, intelligent and faithfully attached to her. She refused to marry him until he could provide for her a home. At the end of three years the lover declared that the house was ready. The marriage took place; the bride set off in eager expectation to her new establishment and was led to a couple of rooms in a boarding-house. She protested that was not what she married him for, brought suit for a divorce and—got it! A nice legal question might have been brought up here. As the lady so openly married the house and not the man, how could she be divorced when there was no house for her to marry? The case indeed, is full of unpleasant suggestions. Every cynical old bachelor, no doubt, asked on reading it how many of the pretty, stylish brides who are thronging to the altar in priceless white lace and satin these days of June are marrying house, the horses, John in livery, a professed cook and a cottage at Bryn Mawr, and taking the man a mere cashier to foot the bills? Or these other brides, just as pretty and more anxious to be stylish in their cheap white muslins, is it not the five-roomed little house up in Kensington or down in Southwark that fills their affections, rather than the young butcher or painter who has rented it for them? Are all women mercenary alike, says the cynic, when he sees the court paid to the half-dozen wealthy young fellows about town by the girls in the tennis-courts and ballrooms of the Summering hotels? Was this obstinate, practical bride of the West no worse than her sex, only more candid?

On the other hand, were not the two rooms in a boarding-house sufficient cause? There is certainly another side to this question. A young man and woman of, let us say, 23 years have the same affections, energies, ambition and love of comfort, of pleasure, of success. The man a dozen ways of gratifying these appetites of his moral nature. He can, if he is able, follow a hundred paths to fame or wealth. The woman has but one profession or trade open to her powers and satisfy the needs of her peculiar nature. It is that of married life, and the work which belongs to a homemistress, a wife and a mother.

Of course thousands of our women readers will cry out against this assertion. They are doctors, lecturers, journalists, artists, shop-women, horticulturists, spiritual mediums or paper-hangers, and every one declares that her profession or trade is sufficient for all her needs of mind and soul. She declares it in public. But there is that in her own secret soul which proves to be a lie. From the highest to the lowest of women it is the home and husband and child that fill the innermost recess of their hearts; not business, nor art, nor ambition. The De Staels and George Eliots sacrifice fame and reputation for a man inferior to themselves; the most brutal woman in Holland has thoughts of the little baby at home which keep her great, coarse body pure and sacred as befits a temple of the Holy Ghost. Advanced women may clamor for political rights and pose as men as long as they choose, but there is hidden somewhere the passionate desire to be a wife and mother, to rule over a home.

This being the fact, ought the man who has married a woman, with the promise to fill her hopes, her ambition, her life itself, to put her off with two rooms in a boarding house? Is that a home? Where she has nothing to do but chatter gosip from January to December in the parlor with other boarders, to quarrel with the landlady, to catch an occasional glimpse of her husband as he gulps down his meals—is that the work of a wife, or a mother, or the "keeper of the home"? "The only ambition of an American girl" wrote an English visitor lately, "is to be married and live in a cheap, stylish boarding house." A prominent clergyman declared last Winter that the increase in the number of divorces was largely due to the life of middle-class women in cheap boarding-houses, where the women flirted incessantly and talked scandal. Is our Western heroine, after all, a Jeanne d' Arc in the cause of the home? Has she sacrified herself to teach our girls proper notions of marriage? The Nut-Brown Mayde was willing to go to the greenwood and sleep on the grass with the banished man she loved. But our civilized maid requires that if she give up for man her possible career as physician, china-painter, or lecturer, he shall give her her proper womanly work. She marries not the man, nor the house, but the man in a suitable house. There are, as we said, two sides to the question.—*Press.*

Seeking Her Third Divorce.

Sallie M. Smucker, the 18-year-old daughter of the Rev. Samuel M. Smucker, D. D., of Allentown, a distinguished Lutheran divine and author, married Oscar T. Hoffman a few years ago. She soon became dissatisfied with him, and through the influence of her family obtained a divorce. She then married Charles Quirs. Some months later she began proceedings for a divorce, and a decree was granted her. She had one of the finest residences in Allentown, and possessed a fortune of $60,000 left her by her grandmother. After her divorce from Quirs she married Henry W. Balliet, who was penniless and without employment. She is now seeking a divorce from him on the ground that he does not support her. Balliet defends the suit on the ground that his wife proposed matrimony to him, and pleaded with him to become her husband, doing all the courting. He married her with great reluctance, and has supported her to the best of his ability. It is said that Mrs. Balliet is desirous of marrying a well known citizen of Allentown for her fourth husband. Decision in her case is pending.

Raised up by Prayer.

A LADY PRONOUNCED INCURABLE SUDDENLY RESTORED TO HEALTH.

Another case of faith cure is reported, this time from SouthOrange, N. J., in the person of Mrs. Alfred E. Watkins, a resident of the place, who had been a close invalid for two years. She met with an accident years ago and sustained internal injuries which had been declared incurable.

To a reporter she said: "For many years I had been ill and two years ago I fell and injured myself internally, causing organic disarrangement and terrible hemorrhage. Excellent physicians tried in vain to cure me. I swallowed gallons of medicine but all to no effect. At last I was unable to move from my couch. I had abandoned all hope of cure. Last Sunday I was in agony all day.

"I thought of the Rev. Mr. Heller, of Newark. My husband wrote to him and Mr. Heller called to see me. This was last Monday night. He asked me if I believed God's promises and in the Bible. I said I did. He referred to a passage in St. James which says that if we had faith the elders of the church, by the annointing with oil, could heal the sick. I told him I had faith in the promises of the Bible. He then annointed my head with oil and kneeled and prayed with me. I joined in the invocation for relief. He then left, but had scarcely gone when I felt a strange sensation. My heart began to lift up. I prayed fervently, and presently arose from my couch, and to my great joy felt perfectly cured.

"I have not had a pain nor an ache since. On Thurday and Friday evenings I attended prayer meetings and have been out walking every day. I feel spiritually regenerated. You can believe me implicitly when I say that I am not laboring under any delusion. My cure has been worked by no animal magnetism, but simply by the power of God. For two years I never left my room. Now I am able to go out and walk anywhere. It is all due, this wonderful, miraculous transformation, to faith and prayer. By all means, tell this abroad, and let the glory be the Lord's."

Mrs. Watkins is about thirty five years of age, tall and slender, with dark, expressive eyes, which fairly sparkled as she told her extraordinary story. She is of high respectability and her neighbors, knowing her to be a lady of perfect credibility, place implicit reliance in all she says. The Rev. Mr. Heller was also seen by the reporter and he confirmed Mrs. Watkins' story

Y. M. C. A. Building at Berwick.

On Tuesday last it was our privilege to inspect the new building of the Young Men's Christian Association at Berwick. On entering we found ourselves in a handsomely furnished office, provided with desk, safe, chairs, water cooler, &c. A door to the right leads to the library, where the shelves are filled with several thousand volumes of choice literature. Next to this is an audience room where Sunday afternoon services are held. On the same floor is a reading room well provided with newspapers, etc., and a handsomely furnished parlor. The second floor is taken up with a large hall capable of seating about 400. In the basement is a gymnasium, where are rowing machines, lifting machines, bars, bath rooms, water closets, and cupboards for uniforms of members. The building is of brick, handsomely finished with natural wood, oiled and varnished. The grounds are large and well kept, and the building is lighted by gas, manufactured on the premises. Berwick may well be proud of this institution.

CANDIDATES.

FOR SHERIFF.
WILLIAM MILLER,
OF CENTRE.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.
E. M. KUNKEL,
OF FISHINGCREEK.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.
SAMUEL SMITH,
OF FISHINGCREEK.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.
H. C. KELCHNER,
OF SCOTT.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

powder never varies. A marvel of purity ength and wholesomeness. More economical an the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Trade Mark. QUALITY PURITY STRENGTH. On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

TIRED OUT. The distressing feeling of weariness, of exhaustion without effort, which makes life a burden to so many people, is due to the fact that the blood is poor, and the vitality consequently feeble. If you are suffering from such feelings,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is just what you need, and will do you incalculable good.

No other preparation so concentrates and combines blood-purifying, vitalizing, enriching, and invigorating qualities as AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

DEAFNESS and how I cure it, by one who was for 28 years. A successful home treatment. Address, T. S. PAGE, No. 128 East 26th St., New York. June 12-4w d

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for Malarial Fevers on the Isthmus of Panama."

TAKE
Simmons' Liver Regulator
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICIE.
An Effectual Specific
FOR
MALARIAL FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c.

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Phila,

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
may 29-1y

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and to me directed will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

Wednesday, July 8th, 1885,

at 1½ o'clock p. m.: All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Berwick, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by Second street, on the east by lot of Mrs. Lizzie Wilson, on the south by Front street, and on the west by Pine street, being ninety-nine feet in width, along said Front street and said Second street, and one hundred and eighty-one and one-half feet in depth along said Pine street and said lot of Mrs. Lizzie Wilson, on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house at or near the north-east corner, a one-story frame shop or dwelling house at or near the south-east corner, a two-story frame dwelling house at or near the south-west corner, a stable at or near the north-west corner; together with also other out buildings. On the said lot or piece of land there are also fruit trees, vines, &c.

Seized, and taken into execution at the suit of William Faust and R. Berger vs. Joseph Faust, and to be sold as the property of Joseph Faust

Fi. Fa. JOHN MOUREY,
Jackson & Barkley, Atty's. Sheriff.
June 12, 1885.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania under the Act of Assembly approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended Corporation to be called "The School Furnishing Co., of Bloomsburg" the character and object whereof is for the purpose of the manufacture of school and church furniture and supplies and general planing mill, foundry and machine work, and for these purposes, to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

C. W. MILLER, President.
F. P. BILLMEYER, Secy.
June 12 4t.

June 12-4w r

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 95 1 05
Rye " "	60
Corn " "	50
Oats " "	40
Flour per barrel	5 00 & 6 00
Butter	18
Eggs	12
Tallow	06
Potatoes new	30
Dried Apples	04
Hams	14
Sides and shoulders	9
Chickens	10
Turkeys	12
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	16 00
Beeswax	25
Hides per lb	5 to 7
Veal skins per lb	07
Wool per lb	35

Philadelphia Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FEED—Western winter bran, spot, 14 @ 14.75 fine middlings 15 @ 16.50

FLOUR—Western extra's 3.50 @ 3.87; Penn'a family, 4.00 @ 4.25 Ohio clear, 4.50 @ 5.00; winter patent 5.37 @ 6.00.

WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, No. 1, 1.12.

CORN.—54 @ 56.

OATS.—No. 3 white @ 41 No. 2. 45

HAY AND STRAW Timothy—Choice Western and New York, $22. fair to good Western and New York, 20. @ 21.; medium Western and New York, 10. @ 12.; Cut hay as to quality 15. @ 17.50. Rye straw 20 @ 21. Wheat straw, 11. @ 12. Oat straw 11.

EGGS.—Pennsylvania 13½; western 18 @ 18½.

BUTTER.—Pennsylvania creamery prints 28 @ 30 Western extra 17.

LIVE POULTHY.—Fowls, 13, mixed lots 13½ @ 14, roosters old 6 @ 7.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A FEW GOOD MEN to canvass for the sale of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Roses, &c. No Experience Required. Liberal Wages Address H. J. BOWDEN & CO., Brighton, N. Y. may 22-2w d

RUPTURE

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 10 Dexter St.

DR. J. A. SHERMAN—Dear Friend: I am sorry, Doctor, you have left Boston. Persons continue to come to my house to inquire respecting you, while many others write me. Many who left me said they would surely seek your aid. Your success has been wonderful, and I am quite sure without a parallel. To my surprise my large Hernia appears to be perfectly healed. I did not expect it at the age of 79. After receiving your treatment I was relieved from suffering which was fast taking my life. I have no idea I should be living had you not taken my case in hand. I weigh now 170 pounds, over thirty pounds more than then. I think you must recieve a great amount of happiness from the relief given and gratitude rendered.

You owe it to my son in Boston, who has known many of your patients before and after healing, that I applied to you. "Go," said he, "to Dr. Sherman; he is doing wonders." I had failed of help from a dozen others and doubted, but he would not let me rest till I went. I bless the day I did so. It is to me a mystery, Doctor, that you have so wonderfully out-distanced all in your profession.

I hope your life will long be spared to relieve sufferers, and thus bless the world. Most affectionately and gratefully yours,
REV. JOHN ALDEN.

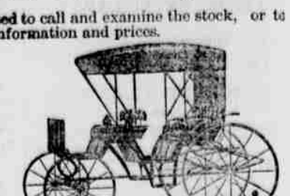
The Rev. John Alden's case was quite as bad as Mr. James Corlew's, in Dr. Sherman's illust rated book. Those who value immunity from strangulated rupture, the injury trusses inflict, and the comforts of physical soundness should lose no time in securing the benefits of Dr. Sherman's treatme nt and remedies. His book, containing likenesses of bad cases before and after cure, with evidence of his success and indorsements from distinguished physicians, clergymen, merchants, farmers, engineers and others, is expressed to those who send 10 cents. Dr. Sherman can be consulted daily at his office, 251 Broadway, New York, except Thursdays and Fridays, when he will be in Philadelphia, office 304 Walnut Street. NOTE.—No operation or detention from business. Patients from a distance can receive treatment and leave for home same day. June 12-4w d

The several styles of Carriages, Buggies and Wagons shown in these columns and many others not here represented may be found at the Repository of

T. F. HUNT, Scranton, Pa.

Parties wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine the stock, or to write for further information and prices.

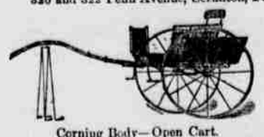
Piano Body—Elliptic Spring, Top Buggy. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



Beach Wagon—Extension Top, 3-Spring. T F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Spindle Body—Side bar, Open Wagon. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

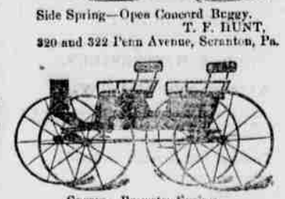
Piano Body—Brewster Spring, Open Buggy. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



Corning Body—Open Cart. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

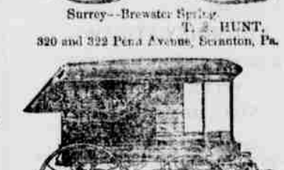
Side Spring—Open Concord Buggy. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Corning Body—Brewster Spring, Top Buggy. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



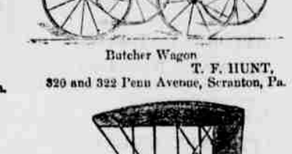
Surrey—Brewster Spring. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Demcra'—3 Elliptic Springs, 2 Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



Platform Spring Wagon—2-Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Piano Body—Side bar, two Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



Butcher Wagon T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

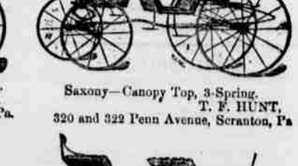
Phaeton—Canopy Top. T. F. HUNT. 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Lawrence—Extension Top, 3-Spring. T.F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Depot Wagon—Standing Top, two Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Saxony—Canopy Top, 3-Spring. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa

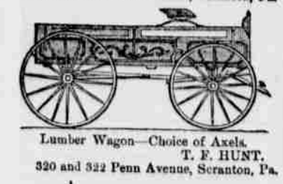
Phaeton—Extension Top, two Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



Platform Spring Wagon—2-Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Lumber Wagon—Choice of Axels. T. F. HUNT. 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Phaeton—Three Springs, Lamps and Fenders. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.



Express—Panel Body, three Springs. T. F. HUNT. 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Democrat—Three Elliptic Springs, 3 Seats. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Surrey—Canopy Top. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Platform Express—Various Sizes. T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Ave., Scranton, Pa.

Maul S—2 0 T. F. HUNT, 320 and 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Speeding Sulkey. T. F. HUNT, 320 & 322 Penn Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Correct Railroad Time Table.

FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1885.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:18 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
5:30 a. m.	8:22 a. m.
9:26 a. m.	11:45 a. m.
2:20 p. m.	4:34 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:52 a. m.	12:08 p. m.
6.57 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

Cheap Advertisements.

Advertisements will be inserted in our local columns at the following rates:

Situations wanted, free.
Lost or found, free.
Help wanted, 20 cents.
Rooms to rent, 20 cents.
One time each, or 3 times, 40 cents.

Standing Offers.

The COLUMBIAN is offered on the following terms:

COLUMBIAN and N. Y. Weekly *World* 1 yr. $2.20
" " Phila. " *Times* " 2.35

Other papers will be added to this list.

For 4 new subscribers to the COLUMBIAN accompanied with the cash, $6.00, a copy of the History of Columbia county will be given to getter up of club.

For 3 new names and $4.50 we will send the COLUMBIAN one year free to person sending names; or if names are sent in by one now taking the paper we will credit his account with one year's subscription.

For 2 new names, with $3.00, we will send paper for 6 months to the person securing the names for us.

For 1 new name with $1.50, we will send paper 3 months to person securing the same for us.

On receipt of 10 cents we will send the COLUMBIAN to any address in the county for one month on trial, and paper will not be sent longer unless so ordered.

Public Sales.

The administrators of the estate of Thos. J. Hutchison will sell valuable personal property on the premises in Fishingcreek township on Saturday, June 20th, 1885, commencing at one o'clock, p. m.

M. P. Lutz assignee of C. B. Brockway will sell real estate at the court house on Saturday, June 20th. See advertisement in another column.

The executors of John Kelchner, dec'd, will sell real estate in Centre township on Saturday, June 13th, at 10 a. m. Also real estate in Scott township at 2 p. m. of same day. See advertisement.

Personal.

Judge Krickbaum went to Elizabeth, N. J. on Tuesday.

L. M. Sleppy of Orangeville is up the creek this week on a fishing excursion.

John Staver of Jerseyshore, father of J. M. Staver, is visiting Caswell's this week.

John M. Smith of Jerseytown was in town on Tuesday.

Jacob H. Fritz of Coles Creek was in town on Tuesday.

H. H. Grotz and J. W. Gibbs are passing the week at Perry's, in Sugarloaf.

Josiah Smith, a true democrat of Mifflin township, called on us on Tuesday.

Miss Millie Knorr will enter Vassar College next September.

Rev. O. H. Strunk and family visiting friends here.

Col. J. G. Freeze attended the Episcopal Convention at Reading this week. He is Chancellor of the Diocese.

Miss Anna Jameson will graduate next next week at Wilson Female College at Gettysburg.

J. H. Maize Esq. and W. C. McKinney started on Tuesday for a trip through the western states.

Mrs. W. R. Tubbs has gone to Moorhead, Minn, to visit her sister, Mrs. Schreiber.

Rev. L. Zahner was prevented by illness, from holding services on Sunday evening. He was unable to go to the convention at Reading until Wednesday.

W. M. Monroe went as a lay delegate to the Episcopal convention at Reading on Tuesday, to represent St. Paul's Church of this town.

Mrs. Ario Pardee and daughter Miss Anna, of Hazleton, spent last week with Mrs. M. H. McKinney.

John J. Laughlin who for some time has held the position as night operator on the Lehigh Valley road at Centralia, has accepted a position in Girardville.

John Wanich, who learned his trade with James Reilly, and for the past year has been working at Shickshinny, has accepted a situation at Wilkesbarre.

Will McDowell of Light Street, who has been residing in New York City for some time past, returned home last Saturday, where he expects to spend a week or two with his parents.

Thomas T. Wireman of Harrisburg, superintendent of the Penna. Canal, and Hudson Owen of Berwick, division superintendent, were in town a few hours last Saturday.

Among our subscribers who were in town this week, were Lafayette Creasy of Centre, Eli Robbins of Fishingcreek, John Billig of Locust, Lafayette Keeler of Benton, W. A. Robbins, O. P. Christian of Jerseytown, Eli McHenry, of Benton, A. W. Dresher and J. O. Wilson of Benton.

A refreshing rain fell on Sunday night. Just what was needed.

G. A. Clark has an elegant display of brass placques in his show window.

Two hundred and fifty-six physicians are registered in Luzerne county.

Candidate cards very cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

J. S. Blue has given up his clerkship at the Exchange Hotel to take charge of a boarding house at Audenried.

J. B. Yetter of Catawissa is conducting the Central Express office here, during W. C. McKinney's absence.

MacKillip is doing some fine work in crayon portraits. All his work is first-class.

Everybody knows that Lowenberg's, is the Leading House for Clothing for men, boys, youths and children.

The predictions of the signal service on Monday were verified. They said that Tuesday would be a cold day.

Dr. McKnight, president of Gettysburg College, preached in the Lutheran church Sunday.

Charles Krug has built a very fine verandah for Mr. Kuhn at his property on Centre street occupied by W. S. Moyer.

It is said that another change of time will be made on the D. L. & W. next week.

Joseph Ruckle and Miss Mary, aughter of Frederick Hendershott were married at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. L. Zahner, last Saturday evening.

Soft shell crabs, Little Neck clams, frogs and all the delicacies of the season can be found on the bill of fare at Girton's restaurant, served in any style.

C. B. Staples, the newly appointed collector of Internal Revenue, took possession of his office last Monday. He has given bonds in the sum of $475,000.

The outfit for the post office is not expected before the 18th. A mail rack is all that has been received by Mr. Clark up to this time. Mr. Beckley still retains possession.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Frank R. McKelvy of Catawissa, to Miss Kate Bird of Montoursville, on the 18th inst.

Robert Gorrell, formerly a resident of Centralia, and for many years a coal operator there, died at his home at Douglassville on the 1st inst. aged 60 years. He was an uncle of Representative Bryson.

The Water Company has decided to offer a reward of $10 for the conviction of any person who throws the bodies of dead animals in the creek, or otherwise pollute the water unnecessarily.

So much is said by the city papers about the hard work and small pay of the street car drivers, that one is forced to believe that truly these poor fellows live in a world of whoa.

The Philologian Literary Society of the State Normal School will hold a festival in the skating rink, corner Third and Catharine streets, on Friday and Saturday evenings of next week.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Clothing cut on Anatomical Principles in the Merchant Tailoring Department of David Lowenberg.

It is an old saying that if it rains on Whitsunday, it will rain for seven Sundays in succession. It did rain on Whitsunday, and every Sunday since. We may look for four more wet Sabbaths.

The State Editorial Association will meet in Philadelphia on the 22nd, and will go from there to Long Branch where they will remain until Friday. A reception will be held by the Journalists' Club on Monday evening.

Don't forget the Band festival at Dentler's Hall this Friday and Saturday evenings. The proceeds will be applied to paying the present indebtedness, and they should be liberally patronized. Good music will be in attendance

Our new Spring Styles are in and prices lower than ever. No attractive style, but we credit it. No desirable novelty, but we have it, in fact for anything in the Cloth ing line. We are emphatically headquarters, at D. Lowenberg's, the Popular Merchant Tailor of Bloomsburg.

Theodore Hart, editor of the Pittston *Gazette*, has been arrested on a charge of libel, for publishing an article saying that Mary Hart's husband had treated her cruelly, and that she attempted to commit suicide to get rid of him.

A bill has passed the house making the separate estate of a married woman liable for debts contracted by her. Heretofore such estate could be held liable only for necessaries for herself and family when ordered by her.

During the thunder storm of Sunday evening a barn belonging to E. I. Fritz of Coles Creek was struck by lightning, but no damage done further than shattering the barn in the course of the lightning.

It is rumored that a number of lady school teachers of this town have made engagements of a more private nature, and will give up the vocations to enter upon new duties of a more domestic character. Look out for some weddings between now and next fall!

County Superintendent, J. S. Grimes, will hold teachers' examinations at Bloomsburg in Third street school house, Thursday, June 18th; at Catawissa, on Monday, June 22; at Berwick, on Wednesday, June 24th; at Centralia, on Tuesday, June 30th.

Charles Coleman has rented the Mountain hotel, one mile above the old Hess stand, near the head waters of Big Fishingcreek, and is prepared to accommodate travellers and fishermen, and boarders on reasonable terms. His address is Central, Columbia county, Pa May 22-4w

G. W. Sterner brought in our office last week three hen's eggs, which weighed ¾ of a pound. They were from a Plymouth Rock, and were only a specimen of what this hen always lays. Mr. Sterner takes much pride in keeping first-class breeds of chickens.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.—The directors of Bloom School District will hold a meeting on Monday evening, June 22d 1885 to select teachers and janitors for the ensuing year. All applications to receive consideration must be sent to the Secretary on or before that day.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Sect'y.

June 5-2w

It often happens in this town that poor shows draw a good crowd at the Opera House, while those that possess real merit are not patronized. Such was the case with Blaisdell Bros., last Saturday night. It was a first class entertainment, but only a handful of people attended. The acting and singing were excellent, and altogether it was one of the very best companies that has been here this season.

Gen. S. M. Bowman, a son of the late Jesse Bowman of Berwick, died in Kansas City on the 4th inst., aged about 75 years. He was Colonel of the 84th Regiment, P. V. and many soldiers from this county served under him. He was afterwards made a Brigadier General by vote of the United States Senate. Since the war he has followed the legal profession, and acquired a large estate in Kansas.

While George Rogers of Orange township was driving a young team up Iron street on Wednesday morning they became frightened and he lost control of them. On reaching Main street the horses turned up the street and the wagon upset with Rogers under. F. C. Eyer and J. H. Mercer caught them, and rescued the man from his perilous position. He was cut about the head, and otherwise bruised.

County Superintendent J. S. Grimes is now serving the second year of his second term. He has been an able, efficient and satisfactory officer, and the excellent condition of the schools through the county attest the fruits of his careful supervision. The institutes that have been held by him have been interesting and highly instructive, and always well attended by teachers and the general public. He will begin examinations of teachers before long.

Mrs. John Williams, mother of A. J. Williams of this town and step mother of Rev. J. R. Williams, died at Harrisburg on Saturday last, and was buried at Mechanicsburg on Tuesday.

Gross' Variety Store had a narrow escape from fire last Friday afternoon. Some goods near the door caught in some way, but the flame was discovered in time to prevent much damage.

Cabbage plants by the millions on the island at Espy that must be sold regardless of price. All of the best and leading varieties. Call and see them or address the undersigned D. GRISINGER,
2 w* WM. ABBOTT,

The democrats of this district have met with a surprise in the re-appointment of Col. A. J. Frick of Danville as deputy collector of internal revenue. He has held the position for several years, and while he is a capable officer, he is an "offensive partisan." There were several applicants from this county, all men of capability and undoubted democracy, and why they were overlooked is not known It may be, however, that Col. Frick's appointment is only temporary.

When you visit Danville call at LEW WOODS' SHOE STORE, by the railroad crossing, and ask to see the following:

Misses' glove kid top, kid foxed, button shoes, size, 11-2, price.....$1.00
Mens' calf boots, (solid,) size 6-11..... 2.00
Mens' balmorals, tap sole, standard cap toe, size 6-10, (big drive)..... 1.25
Mens' base ball shoes, size 6-10..... 1.00
Girls' button shoes, size 11-2,, high cut "sole leather tip"..... 1.00
Womens' leather slippers..... 50

These are only a few of our regular bargains. Call and see us. The largest and cheapest stock of boots and shoes in Central Pennsylvania. Lew Woods' shoe store, by the R. R. crossing, Danville, Pa. June 12-3w

The contract for printing 2000 catalogues for the Normal School, has been awarded to the COLUMBIAN because our bid on the job was $35 less than the *Sentinel*, and $20.50 less than the *Republican*. This looks like a wide margin, but we are able to do work of this kind much cheaper than any other office because of our greater facilities. With our new job press we can turn out books with about half the amount of press work that others have to do, while our press is run by water power and all others go by foot power, which greatly diminishes the labor, and enables us to print much more rapidly. Competition is the soul of business, and in fine work and low prices the COLUMBIAN intends to keep the lead.

Another of the promised articles on the great industries of America will be given in the July Harper's, the subject this time being the making of "A Silk Dress." The Philadelphia ladies of the "Woman's Silk Culture Association," who are endeavoring to promote the growing of silk-worms in this country, speak of it as "America's new industry," but as a matter of fact silk-growing was attempted in the new world soon after its discovery, and all through our colonial history schemes in this direction were numerous. The *moris multicaulis* mania of about 1837 was the most extraordinary outburst of the silk fever, and some amusing stories are told of it. There is now little silk-growing in this country, but silk-manufacturing has become a leading industry, so that more than a third of all the silks worn in this country are made here. The Harper paper will describe each step in the process of manufacture, with many illustrations, and ladies may learn from it something as to the differences between good and bad silk which may help them in their shopping.

School Statements.

Printed statements for making the annual reports of school districts to post up, can be obtained at the COLUMBIAN office for 60 cents a dozen. Sent by mail on receipt of price. 2 w

Index Boards.

There are no index boards at the following points in Fishingcreek township, at the bridge above Ammerman's store at Forks; at Zahner's bridge, and at Asbury. Reports from all parts of the county are requested.

Grainger Picnic.

The Grangers' Twelfth Annual Inter-State Picnic—Exhibition for 1885 will be held at Williams' Grove, Cumberland county, from August 31st to September 5th. For space for machinery, stock and privileges, address, R. H. Thomas, Mechanicsburg, Pa.

This picnic has attained more than a state-wide reputation, and is each year growing more and more popular.

Plymouth's New Danger.

Dr. Corss, of Kingston, who has made an examination of the epidemic at Plymouth says the danger of a secondary infection is becoming greater every day by the contamination of wells He says that the use of hydrant water is unquestionably safe, and that the use of well water by many of the inhabitants is to be deplored, as the surface drainage has found its way to the wells, and such contaminated water is dangerous and should be avoided.

Lightstreet.

Harry Townsend now takes the cake for large eggs, one weighing 4 oz and the other 4½ oz. They are on exhibition at the grocery of J. L. Crawford.

Supt. Grimes is now confined to the house on account of sickness.

Childrens' day will be observed on Sunday next at the Methodist Episcopal church. Recitations and singing by the children fills the programme.

Ice cream at J. L. Crawford's every Saturday night.

J. L. Crawford had a fine swarm of bees on Sunday last.

Gilly took a trip to Hazleton with Joe and came back looking fresh and rosy. Go again.

Henry Hartman is now improving his farm by way of ditching. He knows how to make needed improvements.

H. C. Kelchner is now bound to have a supply of water for his mill by way of building a new brush dam where the high water tore out the bank during the recent freshet.

O. B. Mellick is now home from the mountain looking fresh as ever.

H. F. Oman now does the business for I. J. Kester at the shop of the latter whilst Mr. and Mrs. Kester are visiting their sons in the West.

John Eckroth has purchased the driving horse formerly owned by Frederici.

Isaac Reichart has improved his place by way of a new barn.

Abram Jacoby of Illinois is now visiting at his father's with his invalid son.

The health of the community at large is good whilst Mrs. Theo. McDowell continues to suffer with her dire disease.

Crops are not as promising as they have been at this season of the year. Farmers say short hay.

The hogs are dying off. Supposition is that the cholera will work its way through the county again.

Criminals to Testify.

The following act of assembly has been sent to the district attorneys of the State:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That in the trial of all incidents, complaints and other proceedings triable in any court or criminal jurisdiction within this Commonwealth, against persons charged with the commission of misdemeanors or felonies of whatever grade, the person so charged shall, at his own request, but not otherwise, be deemed a competent witness; but his or her neglect, omission or refusal to testify shall not create any presumption against him, or her, nor shall any comment be made upon such neglect, omission or refusal, by counsel in the case during the trial of the cause.

SECTION 2. That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

State Teachers' Association.

Mr. J. Q. Stewart, Chairman of the Executive Committee, announces that

The Thirty-first annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will be held in the Opera House at Harrisburg, on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, July 7th, 8th, and 9th.

The programme has been carefully prepared by the Executive Committee, and all arrangements for a successful meeting have been completed.

Orders for excursion tickets on the several railroads can be procured by addressing J. F. Sickel, Germantown, Pa., not later than July 3d.

Hotels and boarding houses will make the usual reduction in rates to members of the Association.

An excursion to Gettysburg has been arranged for Friday, July 10th. Fare for the round trip will not exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents.

An excursion has also been arranged to Fortress Monroe, Richmond and Washington, returning to Harrisburg within ten days. The excursion party will go from Baltimore to Fortress Monroe 118 miles, by steamer. The round trip ticket will cost nine dollars.

Jerseytown.

Vegetation is flourishing.

School meeting last Saturday.

Miles Smith has been appointed tax collector for Madison.

James Kinlen is building a large new house. When finished he will have a nice residence.

James R. Biddle, clerk for Kreamer & Son, has been having a week off.

Frank Cotner has returned from the west and is now at home.

J. R. and Wilson McVicker of Derry, were in town Sunday.

Mrs. Kate Brugler of Williamsport has been visiting her father, Hugh McCollum.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kreamer of Bloomsburg, were at Mr. C. Kreamer's on Sunday.

Mr. Chas. M. Smith, operator at Tamanend for the T. W. O. Co., came home last Saturday to spend a day or two. Mr. Smith is as genial and as jovial as ever. His many friends were glad to see him.

Dr. J. C. Fruit and lady and Miss Kate Fruit visited at Hazleton last week.

Preparations are being made to observe Childrens' Day at the M. E. Sunday School.

Quite a number of strangers at church Sunday.

Rev. G. S. Battersby of Bloomsburg filled the pulpit in the M. E. Church Sunday morning last, on account of the absence of the regular pastor, Mr. Hughes. Notwithstanding the appearance of rain in the morning quite a large congregation assembled at the church. Mr. Battersby had for his text, "That I may win Christ," being the last part of the 8th verse of the 3rd chapter of Phillipians. The sermon was an excellent one, although the speaker confined himself rather closely to his manuscript. Mr. Battersby says that real humility and a spirit of true devotion should characterize every christian; that his life should be like unto the life of the Apostle Paul.

Buckhorn.

Last Friday Jacob Harris accidentally and badly shot the fore finger of his left hand. It happened while placing a loaded gun behind a cupboard, the hammer of which struck against another gun in the same place and thus discharged it. His physician advises him to have it amputated but he declines the operation and hopes to save it.

The Grangers of this place drove to the residence of Mr. Elias Reichart near Orangeville, intending to spend Saturday of last week fishing for the finny tribes that inhabit the waters of Green and Fishingcreek, In conversation with one who participated we heard no big fish stories, as is usually given, but that all enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent and had right good luck with hook and line. Dinner was prepared from the well-filled baskets that accompanied the party and seventy-eight guests can testify to the merits that their contents deserve. Sixty quarts of ice cream were served up in the way of refreshments. Apparently Hemlock Grange believes in enjoying themselves frequently they hold similar sociables and always a success. If our interests run in that direction we should cast our lot with them.

Saturday last, John Kistler raised his new barn in place of the one that was recently destroyed by fire.

Wm. Eyerly and wife spent a day of last week with relatives at Danville.

Joe White and wife and Wash Hartman and wife were with friends at Benton a few days fishing for trout.

Mr. George Beagle, Sr., agent for the Briarcreek Insurance Company, took surveys of the several buildings through here during the past week.

Mr. Isaac Pursel has improved the appearance of his dwelling house by having a slate roof placed thereon and repainting the wood work. Evan Shoemaker has also made some repairs about his home which improve its appearance. Others should follow suit and Buckhorn will soon compare favorably with other country villages.

D. L. Foulk and sister Frances were with relatives at Turbotsville the 6th and 7th inst.

Our young men who have a roaming disposition, say that last Sunday night was a bad night. It was so bad out that some stayed in till morning.

P. A. Stroup and wife are spending the week in Sullivan county.

Madison farmers are daily driving through town laden with grain. Those who kept their grain in store are now making good percentage.

Sunday next is Childrens' Day in the M. E. Church. Our church is making preparations for the occasion. Services morning, afternoon an evening.

Next week Austin Ohl starts for Michigan.

Stillwater.

The frequent showers of late have kept the crops in fine growing order. The prospects for a fair wheat harvest in this vicinity are quite encouraging.

Mr. Daniel McHenry who has been ill for nearly a fortnight is improving. Dr. Gardner, of Bloomsburg, is his attending physician.

The names of those young men who were fishing along the streams in our neighborhood last Sunday are known, and if the offense is repeated we will publish the names. We are glad to say, however, that none of them were Stillwater boys.

J. F. McHenry is treating the house of his, occupied by O. D. Hagenbuch, to another coat of paint which adds greatly to its appearance.

Frank and W. W. Hess are the most extensive farmers in this section. They planted nearly sixty acres of corn this spring, and are now engaged in hauling off their wheat, of which they have to spare about one thousand bushels.

Rev. Kumler and party of Berwick passed through this place last Tuesday on a fishing excursion en route to the head waters of Fishingcreek. We understand they succeeded in hooking several hundred fine trout.

Stillwater has a candidate for sheriff. That's right, Mr. Smith, step up to the front. You are entitled to the office. Your claim none can gainsay.

The storm of Sunday night was one of the most violent that has visited this place in years.

Centralia.

Hon. Wm. Bryson spent Sunday in town.

Miss Young of Philadelphia is visiting friends here.

The new slope at Centralia Colliery was put in operation this week, and will increase their shipments of coal considerably.

The warehouse of the "Mammoth Store" was broken into one night last week, by some party yet unknown, and twelve hams with a quantity of other goods were stolen. The same party endeavored to enter Irvine Bros. store, but their noise wakened Mr. Irvine who soon made known to them that they were on the wrong premises.

Some mischievous boys or some person who wished to do harm, placed several large railroad ties across the track about half a mile east of Centralia on Friday night last. Fortunately one of the brakemen saw them in time the next morning to save a wreck and perhaps a few lives. This is the second time this has been done, and we hope to see the guilty person caught and given the full penalty of the law.

We are sorry to learn that our esteemed citizen Mr. W. C. Troutman is about to leave for Kansas. He has been head bookkeeper for L. A. Riley & Co. the past six years in which time he has gained a large circle of friends. Mr. Troutman will enter the real estate business in the west, and his many friends wish him success in his new field of labor. Mr. Wm. Beck who has also been clerking for the same firm will succeed the above gentleman

Young Kearns, the last victim of the North Ashland Colliery mine disaster was found on Saturday last at 5.30 p. m. His body was mangled and in a very decomposed condition. He was buried on Sunday morning.

Logan Colliery has been unable to work but three-quarter time this month, on account of mine inspector Ryan stopping several gangways which he considered unsafe, thereby throwing them short of a large quantity of coal.

Dr. Gwinner rides in a fine new buggy.

The school children all have smiling faces—school stopped on Tuesday.

The water company has nearly completet their reservoir on the north end of town, which they calculate will hold one million gallons of water.

Benton.

Some alarm was created last week over what was supposed to be a hemorrhage of the bowels in the case of A. N. Yost, one of the victims of the Plymouth disease. We called in to see him on last Sunday afternoon, and are happy to say he is hopefully, but slowly convalescing. He is a model young man, and his complete recovery is earnestly desired by all his large circle of friends and acquaintances.

Some farmers report that the Hessian fly is committing depredations with the growing wheat crop. Its ravages are already apparent by the prostration of a large percentage of the thrifty plants.

Childrens' day on next Sunday at the Hamlin M. E. Church. A pleasant and profitable time may be expected. The Hamlin people are very zealous in every good cause. It is a large congregation, and prompt in the liquidation of all church obligations, and is to this community what the St. James congregation is to the Germany, or, Van Camp community, a power and influence for good, holding vice and wickedness in restraint that otherwise might be paramount among leading spirits, that will not, neither indeed can be countenanced by these communities. Both of these congregations appear to be the back bone of the charges to which they respectively belong.

Another refreshing shower on last Sunday afternoon and evening. We are promised rain for the next four consecutive Sundays. The rule is, rain for seven consecutive Sundays in case it rains on a certain Sunday in any, or all years. It has already rained three Sundays in the given series. This, however, does not happen every year.

Wm. Ipher, who served with acceptance and satisfaction two years as road supervisor, feels mortified that he should be charged with local partiality, by giving more attention to some sections than others, especially that of his own district. We always thought Ipher was a good and fair supervisor.

Aaron Smith is not improving any in health. He still lingers in the balances between time and eternity with about equal chances of tipping them either way. We earnestly hope for his recovery.

Reuben Gibbons has a piece of corn along the Benton and Cambra road that promises to be the boss corn this year. The young plants are in a vigorous and thrifty condition. Sammy had it cultivated twice already last week.

The farmers have already so far advanced farm work that all trace of a late spring is lost sight of.

Wm. H. Krickbaum is bound to raise his barn next Saturday for a fact, providing it don't storm. Its dimensions are 32 x 45 feet with large shed over barn yard, and not a line has been struck over the timbers, nor scribe for mortice or tendon marked out. Hurry up, Williiam, or it will not be done.

William Ash is repairing and remodeling his barn by donning it in a new suit of siding and roof and building a large shed over the yard. Billy is one of those enterprising men that believes in convenience and comfort for man and beast.

The shrill whistle of the steam saw mill we still hear from the direction of many quarters, but the forests of tall and stately pines and sturdy oaks have an existence only on memory's wall of the surviving pioneers who struggle for an existence among their useless forms by felling and destroying with axe, fire and decay until the last vestige of their existence was, or is being removed by the power of the stump machine.

Rev. William R. Campbell preaches regularly every Sunday at Ravencreek and Rohrsburg. He boards among those congregations, a week alternately at Ravencreek and Rohrsburg.

A lamp in the chandelier of the Hamlin chaplin burst last Sunday evening, but fortunately there was no explosion.

Miss Maggie Conner of Orangeville, who had an attack of diphtheria a few weeks ago, when on a visit to her uncle, Josiah Hess, near Van Camp, has so far recovered as to be able to be out, and attended church at St. James on last Sunday.

Several of the Orangeville mechanics are employed on buildings that are in the course of erection at Cambra.

All of our mechanics have more work engaged than they are able to perform. There is quite a demand for mechanics.

M. C. Smith is also now ready for the carpenters, but is compelled to wait until there is a respite in trade.

If thunder and lightning ever strikes terror to the heart, the occasion for it was presented during a series of thunder storms on last Sunday night. The one in question passed over this place a few minutes after eleven o'clock p. m. It was only about ten minutes duration. The aerial artillery opened up with fearful rapidity. The vivid, glaring and blinding flashes of lightning were accompanied by deafening peals of thunder which echoed and re-echoed from the hills till there was a fearful and continuous roar, mingled with terrific and incessant discharges followed in rapid succession till one was seized with fear over which he had no control, and which made him shudder in the awful solemnity and threatened demolition which the angry elements played in defiance of all desire of their absence. There was a sense of thankful relief when this electric battery had passed over. There was no hail, nor strong wind, neither excessive rain. The distant mutterings of its approach gave warning of the character of its dealings, as also the dreadful sounds of thunder indicated as it passed away in the distance. Every flash seemed to strike some object. It was grand and sublime in its majesty and power, though struck with awe during its presence, yet we looked upon it in admiration as it passed in its course of awakening and refreshing. Such noted thunder storms are of rare occurrence.

Susquehanna Synod.

The Fifth Annual Convention of Womens' Home and Foreign Mission Society of Susquehanna Synod met in the Lutheran church on Tuesday afternoon at half past two o'clock. The session was begun with devotional exercises conducted by Mrs. J. H. Schleppy, after which was an enrollment of delegates and appointment of committees. An essay was given on the subject of "India," by Miss Mary Tilson of Danville.

The evening session was opened by a selection of the choir, followed by prayer by Rev. Hughes of Williamsport. Miss Miss Emma Jones gave a very entertaining and appropriate address of welcome which was followed by a written response by Miss Sharpless of Catawissa. A selection of music was given by a number of young ladies Mrs. Brooks presiding at the organ. Miss Eva Schoch of Selinsgrove did herself credit in giving a recitation. The address of the evening was given by Rev. J. Wagner of Hazleton.

On Wednesday morning after the devotional exercises, Mrs. F. J. Schoch of Selinsgrove, president of the Society gave an address, following which was a solo by Lottie Kuhn. The secretary and treasurer's reports were given, after which was an essay by Miss Lizzie Gundy, also one by Miss Anna Bricker, subject, "The Savior's last Command."

The afternoon session was commenced with devotional exercise conducted by Mrs. F. J. Schoch of Selinsgrove. Officer's for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, Mrs. Ramsdel of Hughesville; Secretary, Miss Mary Tilson of Danville; Corresponding Secretary, Miss E. Dengler of Bloomsburg; Treasurer, Mrs. Schleppy of Hazleton. Addresses were made by ministers, reports of committees given, &c., which closed the session of the Women's Convention.

Synod proper was commenced Wednesday evening. The opening address was given by Rev. S. P. Barnitz, Western Secretary of home missions. The sessions have been well attended, and much interest shown. We expect to give a full report next week.

Catawissa.

We had quite an extensive fire in our town on Sunday morning. As Mr. F. L. Shuman and family were sitting down to breakfast the cry of fire was heard and on running out they discovered the back part of the house to be on fire. Every effort was at once made to save the house, but it was found impossible to accomplish it, though the citizens, with the aid of the fire engines did all they could to save the building, but the greater part of the furniture was saved. The fire would have caused the entire destruction of that part of town had it not been for the new water works, but unfortunately we have not yet hose to use the water to the best of advantage. We hope that some one will take the matter in charge and organize a hose company at once and I am sure this lesson will teach the citizens to encourage it financially. Mrs. Shuman's clothing after being carried to Maj. Seesholt's house caught fire from sparks hid in them and were consumed with some of Major's furniture. No insurance.

Mr. C. F. Harder's lumber yard caught fire on Tuesday forenoon, but it was extinguished by one of his men before it had time to do much damage. The fair and festival held at the Tank school house by the United Brethren church was well attended.

There will be anniversary exercises held by the St. John's Luth. S. S. next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Judging by the exercises at other times it will be a creditable performance, and be beneficial to all who attend.

Mr. Thomas E. Harder has moved his family into the elegant stone building occupied as a furniture room between Mill and Main St.

Messrs. Smith & Young have removed their extensive marble yard from the lower end of Main St., to the Masonic Hall, where they will continue their former trade.

Pay day this week on the Philada. & Reading R. R. There is a thought in connection with pay day, that I shall give free. Quite a number of men who do, and who do not find employment, on the railroad are quite demonstrative, when their pay does not come regularly, but they have payments to be made which have been standing a year, and when they get their pay they never think of those debts, but there is something of a foolish character, or perhaps liquor, or tobacco on which they must spend their money and their rents, store bills for necessaries, and men who work for them are never thought about and sometimes become angry and think that you ought not to ask them. It is a poor rule that will not work both ways.

What has become of the tramp law? They are becoming more impudent and saucy every day. Is there not some way to make those parties come to be law abiding citizens. When women are insulted and frightened and petty thefts committed by those human fiends, if there is no law for them, why citizens you must take the shot gun and sprinkle them.

Benton.

The "What is It" is rapidly approaching completion. Boyd and Doc are stirring men and ere long, where once stood two rickety old buildings, will be a large and handsome structure, which will certainly be an improvement in this village.

Now that the season of festivals, excursions, etc., has arrived, necessitating a more frequent practice of the band, we hope the boys will not confine themselves solely to their band-room, but will enliven our streets with some open air music.

Mrs. W. D. Beckley of Bloomsburg, formerly Miss Joey Colley, is spending a few weeks with relatives and friends in Benton. Joey is looking well and we are all glad to welcome her back once more.

Mr. Pliny Eves of Millville was the guest of Charles McHenry last week.

E. P. Albertson drove a four horse load of trout-hungry people to Charles Coleman's (Mountain House) on Saturday last to partake of a trout-dinner. They report an excellent time and all the trout they could eat.

McHenry and Carey are doing a heavy business in their furniture and undertaking establishment. It is no unfrequent occurrence to see their wagon loaded down with furniture of every description striking out, perhaps to unload at the house of a young couple about to assume the stern realities of keeping house.

Lemuel Drake, the upper landlord, is certainly becoming very popular among the traveling men. Judging from the increase of patronage of late. Lem sets a first-class table and by his accommodating ways and gentlemanly deportment has built up his trade to its present standard.

We notice our friend "Polly" is once more among us.

Trout-seekers are numerous in this section just at present. They generally arrive here fully equipped for the "speckled beauties" and confident of abundant success. They return from the mountain looking worn and dilapidated, and get out of town soon as possible. A few, however, being more fortunate than others come back high spirited and chuck full of conceit, having in their possession a nice mess, frequently caught with a silver hook from the hands of some little kid whom they scare into it. Take some of our experts from Benton along gentlmen, and you will learn the art which otherwise you will never acquire.

What is really necessary:
Most decidedly, better pavements.
A first-class barber—no scraper.
A better turnout at Sunday School.
More fish and fewer fishermen.
More interest in educational pursuits; in other words a better school building.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that my son Ira Thomas aged 19 years, left my home nearly two years ago, and that any debts contracted by him will not be paid by me.

SAMUEL THOMAS,
June 12-2w* Fishingcreek township.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Another lot of those handsome Egyptian and Oriental laces at Clark & Son's cheaper than ever.

Pretty suits for children at Lowenberg's.

You will find a nice assortment of white dress goods and embroideries at Clark & Son's.

C. C. Marr takes trade dollars.

Crinkled seersuckers, Navy Blue and White, Brown and White, and Black and White, 27 in. wide, 16c., at H. W. Sloan's.

All proprietary and patent medicines at the Peoples Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block.

New white and fancy dishes in sets from $8.00 to $12.00, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Scrim for curtains from 12½ to 18c., at H. W. Sloan's.

Croquet sets from 1 to 3 dollars, at the Peoples Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block.

Try C. C. Marr's 50c. syrup.

New dress ginghams and percales to match at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Spectacles and Eye Glasses. The largest stock in the county, Gold, Nickel plated and rubber with the rock crystal glass, cheap, call and see them at the Peoples Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block.

You should see Clark & Son's Dress Silks. They offer special bargains in black and colored.

The best $1.25 Black Silk that we have ever had in 22 in. wide. We will guarantee every yard. If it cuts we will give another dress. H. W. Sloan's.

C. C. Marr pays 15c. for eggs, and 12c. for lard.

New laces in colors at I. W. Hartman & Son's to match seersucker dress goods.

Combs of all kinds well selected and at very low prices at the Peoples Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block.

C. C. Marr has nice mackerel to trade for side, shoulder and ham.

I. W. Hartman & Son call the attention of the ladies to their new white dress goods with embroiders and laces to match.

The cheapest place to buy goods is at C. C. Marr's.

Castile, Toilat and Medicated soaps; a full line at the Peoples Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block.

You will find Chambrays, Seersuckers, Ginghams, etc., at Clark & Son's.

The largest stock of straw, fur and wool hats for Spring and Summer just received at the Popular hatter, D. Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

Go to C. C. Marr's for good bargains.

The best of Ice Cream, several varieties every night, at Phillips'

For good G. A. R. suits, go to D. Lowenberg's.

Long experience in business is a safe guarantee that you will always buy a good article of Clothing, at David Lowenberg's the Popular Clothier of Bloomsburg.

Fresh bread, rolls, biscuit and cakes every day, at Phillips'.

Phillips' is making fruit bread and cinnamon rolls every day.

Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Hosiery, Jerseys, Ribbons, Ruchings, Collars, Cuffs, etc., at Clark & Son's.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Hunt's Remedy is not a new compound; it has been before the public thirty years.

SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL AND QUININE.

Simmons Liver Regulator, purely vegetable, is equal in power to blue mass or calomel, but without any of their injurious properties.

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator, and find it a most excellent medicine, acting like a charm on the liver. It is a most excellent substitute for calomel. Have tried it in several cases of bilious disorders, chills and fever, and find it effects a cure in a most satisfactory manner.

DR. J. H. BOWEN, Clinton, Ga."

The powerful curative properties of a Hop Plaster are irresistible when applied to Backache, Swollen Joints and Muscles, Sciatica, Pleurisy, Sharp Pains, or any sort of soreness. The best and strongest porous plaster made. A trial will demonstrate it. 25c.

Dip one end of a sponge in water and the whole will soon be saturated. So a disease in one part of the body affects other parts. You have noticed this yourself. Kidney and liver troubles, unless checked, will induce constipation, piles, rheumatism and gravel. A timely use of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy will prevent these results. It is pleasant to the taste and may be taken freely by children and delicate females. It gives the elasticity, life and cheeks with roses on them.

Hunt's Remedy purifies

FOUR ACTS PLAYED!

Sad Report About Ex-President Arthur

WILL THE FIFTH AND FINAL ACT BE A TRAGEDY.

Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

"Dr. Lincoln who was at the funer-" "al of ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen," "says ex-President Arthur looked very" "unwell. He is suffering from Bright's" "disease. During the past year it" "has assumed a very aggravated" "form."

That telegram is act IV, of the drama written by ex-President Arthur's physicians. In Act I. he was made to appear in "Malaria," of which all the country was told when he went to Florida.

In Act II. he represented a tired man, worn down, walking the sands at Old Point Comfort and looking eastward over the Atlantic toward Europe for a longer rest.

The curtain rolls up for Act III. upon the distinguished actor affected with melancholy from bright's disease, while Act IV discovers him with the disease "in an aggravated form, suffering intensely, (which is unusual) and about to take a sea voyage."

Just such as this is the plot of many dramas by play-wrights of the medical profession. They write the first two or three acts with no conception of what their character will develop in the final one.

They have not the discernment for tracing in the early, what the latter impersonations will be. Not one physician in a hundred has the adequate microscopic and chemical appliances for discovering bright's disease in its early stages, and when many do finally comprehend that their patients are dying with it, when death occurs, they will, to cover up their ignorance of it, pronounce the fatality to have been caused by ordinary ailments, whereas these ailments are really results of bright's disease of which they are unconscious victims.

Beyond any doubt, 80 per cent. of all deaths except from epidemics and accidents, result from diseased kidneys or livers. If the dying be distinguished and his friends too intelligent to be easily deceived, his physicians perhaps pronounce the complaint to be pericarditis, pyæmia, septicæmia, bronchitis, pleuritis, valvular lesions of the heart, pneumonia, etc. If the deceased be less noted, "malaria" is now the fashionable assignment of the cause of death.

But all the same, named right or named wrong, this fearful scourge gathers them in! While it prevails among persons of sedentary habits,—lawyers, clergymen, congressmen,—it also plays great havoc among farmers, day laborers and mechanics, though they do not suspect it, because their physicians keep it from them, if indeed they are able to detect it.

It sweeps thousands of women and children into untimely graves every year. The health gives way gradually, the strength is variable, the appetite fickle, the vigor gets less and less. This isn't malaria—it is the beginning of kidney disease and will end—who does not know how?

No, nature has not been remiss. Independent research has given an infallible remedy for this common disorder; but of course the bigoted physicians will not use Warner's safe cure, because it is a private affair and cuts up their practice by restoring the health of those who have been invalids for years.

The new saying of "how common bright's disease is becoming among prominent men!" is getting old, and as the Englishman would say, sounds "stupid"—especially "stupid" since this disease is readily detected by the more learned men and specialists of this disease. But the "common run" of physicians, not detecting it, give the patient Epsom salts or other drugs prescribed by the old code of treatment under which their grandfathers and great grandfathers practiced!

Anon, we hear that the patient is "comfortable." But ere long, maybe, they "tap" him and take some water from him and again the "comfortable" story is told. Torture him rather than allow him to use Warner's safe cure! With such variations the doctors play upon the unfortunate until his shroud is made, when we learn that he died from heart disease, pyæmia, septicæmia or some other deceptive though "dignified cause."

Ex-President Arthur's case is not singular—it is typical of every such case. "He is suffering intensely." This is not usual. Generally there is almost no suffering. He may recover, if he will act independently of his physicians. The agency named has cured thousands of persons even in the extreme stages—is to day the mainstay of the health of hundreds of thousands. It is an unfortunate fact that physicians will not admit any virtue outside their own sphere, but as each school denies virtue to all others, the people act on their own judgment and accept things by the record of merit they make.

The facts are cause for alarm, but there is abundant hope in prompt and independent action.

The only time that nature gets the "blues" and shows blue blood is when driving a nail a nail is mashed.

There are, it is calculated, 752 miles of streeet railways—tramways, as they are called over there—in England.

The game of war stretches out wonderfully and there is much curiosity to know who will win the India rubber.

The difference between a play bill and a landlord is, one is often stuck on a bill board and the other on a board bill.

"What shall I do to keep my hair from coming out?" writes and anxious subscriber. Go home at nine o'clock, man.

In the leading capitals of Europe it is becoming quite the thing to have baths sunk in the floor, with several steps leading down to them, in the Pompeian fashion.

Premier Gladstone entertains at breakfast every Thursday morning all the friends and celebrities who choose to call. The meal is a Scotch one and is served at ten o'clock.

Grasshoppers accumulated in such quantities at a gate on a ranch at Wheatland, Cal., a few days ago, that it was necessary to remove them with a shovel in order to open the gate.

When it was publicly announced that two society ladies would have a "piano contest" at Cape May, one hundred and fifty seven trunks were incontinently packed, and the 'season' closed abruptly the following day.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS CREVELING, JR., DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator of the estate of Thomas Creveling, Jr., late of Scott township, deceased will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday the 7th day of July, 1885, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock, p. m., at which time and place all persons having claims against the said fund must appear and present the same or be forever debarred from receiving any share of said fund. H. V. WHITE,

June 6th Auditor.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

The undersigned has started a lumber yard, and has on hand all kinds of

HEMLOCK LUMBER

of the best quality, Boards, Scantling, Joists, Fencing, and every other shape up to 32 feet long. Inquire at T. Heck's Store.

J. F. RINK,

LIGHTSTREET, PA.

Feb 27-3m

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

BERTSCH'S, AT BERTSCH'S,

THE ARTIST

CUTTER

AND

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand

Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS

Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April 25-1y

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., the undersigned executors of John Kelchner, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, June 13th. 1885,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain plantation, tract or piece of land situate in Centre township Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a pine tree in line of land formerly belonging to William Sloan and now to Martha Sigfried, thence by land now or late of John Hill, south thirty-two degrees east one hundred and ninety-five perches and eight-tenths to a stone, thence by lands of Sarah Conner and estate of John Conner, Jr., dec'd, south sixty-three degrees west, ninety-five perches to a stone; thence by lands of Henry C. Barton and wife north thirty-two degrees west, one hundred and eighty-nine perches and five-tenths to a pine knot, thence by land of Martha Sigfried north fifty-nine degrees east, ninety-four perches and eight-tenths to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and fourteen acres and twenty-six perches be the same more or less all in a high state of cultivation, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, large bank barn, wagon shed and all the necessary outbuildings. A large apple orchard and a well of good water at the door.

ALSO

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day on the premises in Scott township, county and state aforesaid, the following described real estate, to-wit;

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Scott township, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Adjoining lands of Aaron Boone and Peter Hagenbuch on the north, lands of James Lake and Alfred Mood on the west, the north branch of the Susquehanna River on the south, and lands of Aaron Boone, G. W. Creveling & Co., J. R. Faus, Ruckel & Creveling, and others on the east, containing ninety acres, more or less with the appurtenances all in fine cultivation, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, large frame barn, wagon shed and outbuildings. A large apple orchard on the premises and a good well of water at the door. This tract to be sold subject to the dower of $3000 in favor of Eli Creveling's widow and heirs.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi and deed to be delivered to the purchaser at his expense on payment of the whole of the purchase money. Possession to be delivered April 1, 1886. No straw to be removed from the premises. The purchaser to have the landlord's share of the winter grain sown this fall. All the grain and crops now in the ground are reserved.

H. C. KELCHNER,
K. L. KELCHNER,
Geo. W. KELCHNER, } Executors.

May 22-tf

PRICE LIST OF

ROOFING SLATE

On Cars at Quarry.

No. 1 Slate	$4.00 to $4.00
No. 1 Rib Slate	3.00 to 3.25
Seconds	3.00
No. 2 Rib Slate	2.50

J. L. HULL.
25 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa
may 22-1y

T AND COFFEE A handsome VANS LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee. An Iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 50 pieces given with a $15 order. HANDSOME PREMIUMS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea Sets, also Dinner and Tea Sets combined, and Chamber Sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $35. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 25 South Main St., Wilkes Barre, Pa. Headquarters 30 Front street, New York City. **CLUB ORDERS**

may 15-1y

Summer Resorts.

GLENDALE COTTAGE.

No. 10 Massachusetts Avenue Atlantic City, N. J., fine location, three Ocean views, two squares to bathing, boating, pier and light house, fine accommodations and first class board, $7 to $10. Board and rooms as heretofore. 1328 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, or No. 10 Massachusetts Ave., Atlantic City, N. J., formerly from Williamsport.

June 5-1m MRS. C. D. THOMAS.

Memoirs of U. S. GRANT

His own account of an eventful life, including the thrilling scenes of the greatest military struggle of modern times. For particulars, address HUBBARD BROS., Pubrs., 723 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

may 15-4w d

Amputation of the Leg.

Money is the universal necessity, and none but a cynic or a fool will affect to despise it. Mr. Abram Ellsworth, of Port Ewen, Ulster County, N. Y., had realized this truth. His disease involved the whole of his thigh-bone, and the suffering man looked forward, not without apparent reason, to death as his only delivery. The family physicians refused to amputate the limb, asserting that the operation would kill the patient on the spot. Dr. David KENNEDY, of Rondout, N. Y., who was consulted, held a different opinion and amputated the limb. The Doctor then administered freely his great Blood Specific FAORITE REMEDY to afford tone and strength to the system and prevent the return of the disease, and Mr. Ellsworth remains to this day in the bloom of health. This gentleman's disease was the offspring of foul blood, and Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY purified the blood and restored the blood and restored to him the power once more to enjoy his life. Are you suffering from any disease traceable to the same cause? Try Favorite Remedy. Your druggist has it. ONE DOLLAR a bottle. Bear in mind the proprietor's name and address: Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

To keep the blood pure is the principal end of inventions and discoveries in medicine. To this object probably no one has contributed more signally than Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., in the production of a medicine which has become famous under the title of the "FAVORITE REMEDY." It removes all impurities of the blood, regulates the disordered Liver and Kidneys, cures Constipation, Dyspepsia and all diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO.,

Offer to the Trade their Fine Brand of Cigars.

The Landreo,
Henry Clay,
Normal,
Samson, and
Cosmopolitan

Fine Fruits and Fine Confectionery on hand. Fresh every week. Bloomsburg, Pa. Feb. 27

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman

CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa

H. G. Eshleman,

Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.

Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.

Tinware of every description made to order.

Orders left at Schuyler & Co's, hardware store will be promptly filled.

Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.

J 9-1y

TONSORIAL ROOMS.

THE OLD STAND

under the Exchange Hotel, still takes the lead. Hair Dressing, Shaving, Dyeing, Shampooing and all work in my line promptly and neatly done.

BILLIARD & POOL TABLES.

James Reilly,
Jan 30-tf Proprietor.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

This remedy contains no injurious drugs.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing. A quick Relief. A positive Cure.

CREAM BALM has gained an enviable reputation wherever known, displacing all other preparations. It is a creamy substance. A particle is applied into each nostril, causing no pain and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail, or at Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

may29-4w d

COURSEN, CLEMONS & CO.

Limited,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Window Glass, and Plated-Ware,

The 56 candle-power marsh electric lamp. The celebrated Pinafore Burner. Bird Cages, Fruit Jars.

422 Lackawanna Avenue. SCRANTON, Pa.

may 1-1y

B. F. HARTMAN

REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES

North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 1

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY.

Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Aetna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,008,230
Royal of Liverpool	13,800,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,710
Phœnix, of London	5,256,376
London & Lancashire, of England	1,700,970
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,050
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81.

W. H. HOUSE,

—DENTIST,—

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

Office over Klein's Drug Store.

To be open at all hours during the day.

Nov 28-1y

"Maryland, My Maryland."

* * * "Pretty Wives,
Lovely daughters and noble men."

"My farm lies in a rather low and miasmatic situation, and
"My wife!"
"Who?"
"Was a very pretty blonde!"
Twenty years ago, became
"Sallow!"
"Hollow-eyed!"
"Withered and aged!"
"Before her time, from
"Malarial vapors, though she made no particular complaint, not being of the grumpy kind, yet causing me great uneasiness.

"A short time ago I purchased your remedy for one of the children, who had a very severe attack of billiousness, and it occurred to me that the remedy might help my wife, as I found that our little girl upon recovery had

"Lost!"

"Her sallowness, and looked as fresh as a new blown daisy. Well the story is soon told. My wife, to-day, has gained her old-time beauty with compound interest, and is now as handsome a matron (if I do say it myself) as can be founnd in this county, which is noted for pretty women. And I have only Hop Bitters to thank for it.

"The dear creature just looked over my shoulder, and says 'I can flatter equal to the days of our courtship,' and that reminds me there might be more pretty wives if my brother farmers would do as I have done."

Hoping you may long be spared to do good, I thankfully remain

C. L. JAMES,

BELTSVILLE, Prince George Co., Md., May 26th, 1883.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

Clothing for Everybody.

With a large and varied stock of Clothing for Men of every trade, for Boys and Children of all ages, we are quite certain of meeting the demands of every class of buyers at prices that must give satisfaction.

A. C. YATES & Co.

602, 604, 606 CHESTNUT St., Philadelphia.

3-6

FROM THE PRESIDENT

OF BAYLOR UNIVERSITY.

"Independence, Texas, Sept. 26, 1882.

Gentlemen:

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Has been used in my household for three reasons:—

1st. To prevent falling out of the hair.
2d. To prevent too rapid change of color.
3d. As a dressing.

It has given entire satisfaction in every instance. Yours respectfully,

WM. CAREY CRANE."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is entirely free from uncleanly, dangerous, or injurious substances. It prevents the hair from turning gray, restores gray hair to its original color, prevents baldness, preserves the hair and promotes its growth, cures dandruff and all diseases of the hair and scalp, and is, at the same time, a very superior and desirable dressing.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

SUPERIOR SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

MICROSCOPES. FIELD-GLASSES, BAROMETERS. TELESCOPES. MAGIC LANTERNS, THERMOMETERS.

Drawing Instruments. Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus.

List and Descriptions of our Two Catalogues sent FREE on application.

QUEEN & CO.

924 Chestnut St. PHILADELPHIA.

feb6-1y

$50 REWARD.

—FOR—

Every Ounce of Adulteration

—IN THE—

New Process Soap

THE WONDERFUL 3-LB BAR.

MADE ONLY BY

Gowans & Stover,

Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by all first class grocers.

April 10-1-yr

Read and Save Money,

Now is the time to Build.

No 1 German Pine Siding 5 or 6 in. wide	$17 00 per m.
No 1 ½ inch siding planed,	14 00 "
" Hemlock German siding, 6 inch	14 00 "
" " flooring,	14 00 "
" white pine "	17 00 "
" yellow " "	16 00 "
" surfaced pine boards,	17 00 "
" sawed pine shingles,	3 00 "
No 2 " " "	2 00 "
No 3 " " "	1 75 "
No 1 sap sawed pine shingles,	1 75 "
" hemlock sawed "	2 00 "
" heart shaved pine " from	$5 00 to 7 00 "
" sap " "	3 00 to 4 50 "
" hemlock " " " "	4 00 to 4 50 "
" shingle lath,	2 75 "
" plastering lath,	2 00 "
Hemlock fencing,	9 50 "
" " fencing 6 inch wide,	10 00 "
" boards 10 to 12 inch wide,	10 00 "
" bills any size from	$16 00 to 11 00 "

I keep a full stock of the above kinds of Lumber always on hand, and will sell at these prices during year of 1885.

H. B. LOW,

Orangeville, Columbia Co., Pa.

apr 3-6m

Scranton House,

—ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.—

Victor Koch, Proprietor.

Rooms are heated by steam, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Finest Bar and Lunch Counter in the city.

Meals to order at all hours. Ladies and Gents Restaurant furnished with all delicacies of the season.

Location near D. L. & W. R. R. Depot, Scranton, Pa. March 27-1y

Pigeon Catching in Samoa.

The ground being cleared, the chiefs stationed themselves at distances all round a large circular space, each concealed under a low shed or covering of brushwood, having by his side a net attached to a long bamboo, and in his hand a stick with a tame pigeon on a crook at the end of it. This pigeon was trained to fly round and round as directed by its owner, with a string at its foot thirty feet long, attached to the end of the stick. Every man flew his pigeon, and then the whole circle looked like a place where pigeons were flocking round food and water.

The scene soon attracted some wild pigeon, and as it approached the spot, whoever was next to it raised his net and tried to entangle it. He who got the greatest number of pigeons was the hero of the day and honored by his friends with various kinds of food, with which he treated his less successful competitors. Some of the pigeons were baked, others were distributed about and trained for further use. Taming and exercising them for the sporting season was a common pastime.

SUGAR CORN.—There is no more profitable crop to plant in the truck patch than sugar corn, and it comes off in time for late cabbage or celery. There are a great variety of kinds that ripen at different seasons and a succession may be had by planting at different times, several varities of the evergreen. Sweet corn at all seasons of the year is not only a luxury but has come to be a necessity of the well set table. It is very nutricious and wholesome and eaten in moderation, it is quite healthful for all kinds of animals and all but humans will consume fodder and all, so that nothing is wasted. It will pay to plant for hogs alone and they thrive better on it than all the time on dry corn. Those who are handy to market can sell fifty dollars worth per acre and have enough left in stalks and small ears to pay all expense of raising, if they feed it to pigs, cattle and horses. We advise farmers to plant more at different times and learn the profit in it for themselves; then they will not be satisfied with a few nubbins once a year as has been the practice with the many.

War Statistics.

From official records of the war department, based on losses given, and the total number of men furnished by the States and Territories during the war, it appears that:

Out of every sixty-five men, one man was killed in action.

Out of every fifty-six men, one man died of wounds recived in action.

Out of every thirteen men, one man died of disease.

Out of every nine men, one man died while in service.

Out of every fifteen men one was captured or reported missing.

Out of every ten men, one man was wounded in action.

Out of every seven men captured, one died while in captivity.

Wise Words.

It is not what we earn, but what we save, that makes us rich.

Be graceful if you can; but if you can't be graceful be true.

A man needs a strong, genial companion, and not a shadow.

As every thread of gold is invaluable so is every minute of time.

Too great refinement is delicacy, and true delicacy is solid refinement.

Do not say "It does not pay to begin what we will probably never finish." The beginning may be the part assigned to you.

Many people take no care of their money till they have come nearly to the end of it, and others do the same with their time.

Money will make us work, but money will not make us give our hearts to the work—nothing but love for our work or real good principle can make us do that.

Death is the liberator of him whom freedom cannot release, the physician of him whom medicine cannot cure, and the comforter of him whom time cannot console.

No article of furniture should be put into a room that will not stand sunlight, for every room in a dwelling should have the windows so arranged that some time during the day a flood of sunlight will force itself into the apartments.

For every life there is a summit. Happy are they who gain it, and sad the lot of those who faint and fall in the struggle. Short or long to the top, it can only be scaled by persistent climbing. There must be ambition to do and dare or the prize will not be secured.

What a vast deal of time and ease that man gains who is not troubled with the spirit of impertinent curiosity about others; who lets his neighbor's behavior and thoughts alone; who confines his inspection to himself, and cares chiefly for his own duty and conscience.

There is economy in laying out the beds of a garden that should not be overlooked. A grape trellis in the centre, instead of training the vines along one side near the fence, is a perpetual hindrance to orderly arrangement and convenient working. The strawberry bed, also, if not to be plowed, should be on one side, and not come between beds designed for the plow.

A flag pole at Mt. Vernon, W. T. 146 feet high is claimed to be the longest unspliced spar in the United States.

Experiments made in Paris show that the crocodile can bring its jaws together with the force of over 300 pounds.

A congress is to assemble in San Domingo on September 10, to decide whether the remains of Christopher Columbus repose there or in Havana.

PARKER'S TONIC

A Pure Family Medicine that never Intoxicates.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take Parker's Tonic at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours.

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may 29-4w d

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apr. 3, '85-1y

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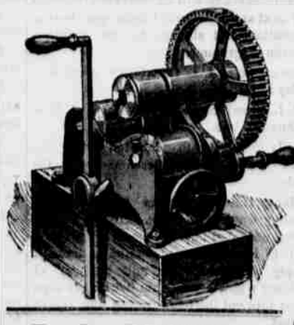

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Apr 24-1y

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May 4-1f

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect April 6th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.00 p. m.; Washington, 6.00 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.40 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.30 p. m.; Baltimore 6.55 p. m.; Washington, 8.30 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coache through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.30 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily, for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.30 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.05 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.35 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.30 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.05 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 10.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.40 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.35 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.40 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.32 a. m., Wilkes-barre 10.48 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m., Wilkes-barre 8.03 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.08 p. m., Sunbury 1.00 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	NORTH. p.m.	NORTH. a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	SOUTH. a.m.	SOUTH. p.m
9 00	1 30	9 25	.....Scranton.....	5 50	9 40	2 20
8 54	1 24	9 19	.....Bellevue.....	5 55	9 45	2 25
8 48	1 19	9 14	.....Taylorville...	6 01	9 50	2 30
8 40	1 11	9 06	...Lackawanna...	6 09	9 57	2 38
8 33	1 03	8 59	.....Pittston.....	6 17	10 04	2 46
8 27	12 57	8 53	...West Pittston..	6 23	10 09	2 51
8 22	12 52	8 48	.....Wyoming.....	6 28	10 14	2 56
8 17	12 47	8 43	.....Maltby.....	6 32	10 17	3 00
8 12	12 43	8 39	.....Bennett.....	6 35	10 20	3 03
8 08	12 39	8 35	.....Kingston.....	6 40	10 25	3 06
8 03	12 34	8 30	...Kingston.....	6 48	10 33	3 06
7 59	12 30	8 25	...Plymouth June	6 50	10 29	3 11
7 54	12 25	8 21	.....Plymouth.....	6 55	10 33	3 15
7 50	12 20	8 17	.....Avondale.....	7 00	10 37	3 20
7 43	12 13	8 10	.....Nanticoke....	7 05	10 47	3 28
7 43	12 07	8 10	Hunlock's Creek	7 12	10 48	3 32
7 40	11 55	7 58	...Shickshinny...	7 24	10 59	3 45
7 19	11 42	7 47	...Hick's Ferry...	7 47	11 10	3 57
7 11	11 35	7 41	...Beach Haven...	7 53	11 16	4 03
7 05	11 28	7 34	.....Berwick.....	8 00	11 23	4 10
6 58	11 22	7 27	...Briar Creek...	8 06	11 34	4 16
6 54	11 18	7 23	...Willow Grove..	8 10